LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED NINTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 200

Introduced by Sorrentino, 39.

Read first time January 14, 2025

Committee: Revenue

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections
- 2 77-202, 77-693, 77-801, 77-1238, 77-1239, 77-1248, and 77-1514,
- 3 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024; to reinstate the
- 4 exemptions provided under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act; to
- 5 harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections.
- 6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

- 2 2024, is amended to read:
- 3 77-202 (1) The following property shall be exempt from property
- 4 taxes:
- 5 (a) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions to the
- 6 extent used or being developed for use by the state or governmental
- 7 subdivision for a public purpose. For purposes of this subdivision:
- 8 (i) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions means
- 9 (A) property held in fee title by the state or a governmental subdivision
- 10 or (B) property beneficially owned by the state or a governmental
- 11 subdivision in that it is used for a public purpose and is being acquired
- 12 under a lease-purchase agreement, financing lease, or other instrument
- 13 which provides for transfer of legal title to the property to the state
- or a governmental subdivision upon payment of all amounts due thereunder.
- 15 If the property to be beneficially owned by a governmental subdivision
- 16 has a total acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold amount or will be
- 17 used as the site of a public building with a total estimated construction
- 18 cost that exceeds the threshold amount, then such property shall qualify
- 19 for an exemption under this section only if the question of acquiring
- 20 such property or constructing such public building has been submitted at
- 21 a primary, general, or special election held within the governmental
- 22 subdivision and has been approved by the voters of the governmental
- 23 subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, threshold amount means the
- 24 greater of fifty thousand dollars or six-tenths of one percent of the
- 25 total actual value of real and personal property of the governmental
- 26 subdivision that will beneficially own the property as of the end of the
- 27 governmental subdivision's prior fiscal year; and
- 28 (ii) Public purpose means use of the property (A) to provide public
- 29 services with or without cost to the recipient, including the general
- 30 operation of government, public education, public safety, transportation,
- 31 public works, civil and criminal justice, public health and welfare,

- 1 developments by a public housing authority, parks, culture, recreation,
- 2 community development, and cemetery purposes, or (B) to carry out the
- 3 duties and responsibilities conferred by law with or without
- 4 consideration. Public purpose does not include leasing of property to a
- 5 private party unless the lease of the property is at fair market value
- 6 for a public purpose. Leases of property by a public housing authority to
- 7 low-income individuals as a place of residence are for the authority's
- 8 public purpose;
- 9 (b) Unleased property of the state or its governmental subdivisions
- 10 which is not being used or developed for use for a public purpose but
- 11 upon which a payment in lieu of taxes is paid for public safety, rescue,
- 12 and emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance
- 13 services to all governmental units providing such services to the
- 14 property. Except as provided in Article VIII, section 11, of the
- 15 Constitution of Nebraska, the payment in lieu of taxes shall be based on
- 16 the proportionate share of the cost of providing public safety, rescue,
- 17 or emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance
- 18 services unless a general policy is adopted by the governing body of the
- 19 governmental subdivision providing such services which provides for a
- 20 different method of determining the amount of the payment in lieu of
- 21 taxes. The governing body may adopt a general policy by ordinance or
- 22 resolution for determining the amount of payment in lieu of taxes by
- 23 majority vote after a hearing on the ordinance or resolution. Such
- 24 ordinance or resolution shall nevertheless result in an equitable
- 25 contribution for the cost of providing such services to the exempt
- 26 property;
- 27 (c) Property owned by and used exclusively for agricultural and
- 28 horticultural societies;
- 29 (d)(i) Property owned by educational, religious, charitable, or
- 30 cemetery organizations, or any organization for the exclusive benefit of
- 31 any such educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery organization,

- 1 and used exclusively for educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery
- 2 purposes, when such property is not (A) owned or used for financial gain
- 3 or profit to either the owner or user, (B) used for the sale of alcoholic
- 4 liquors for more than twenty hours per week, or (C) owned or used by an
- 5 organization which discriminates in membership or employment based on
- 6 race, color, or national origin.
- 7 (ii) For purposes of subdivision (1)(d) of this section:
- 8 (A) Educational organization means (I) an institution operated
- 9 exclusively for the purpose of offering regular courses with systematic
- 10 instruction in academic, vocational, or technical subjects or assisting
- 11 students through services relating to the origination, processing, or
- 12 guarantying of federally reinsured student loans for higher education,
- 13 (II) a museum or historical society operated exclusively for the benefit
- 14 and education of the public, or (III) a nonprofit organization that owns
- or operates a child care facility; and
- 16 (B) Charitable organization includes (I) an organization operated
- 17 exclusively for the purpose of the mental, social, or physical benefit of
- 18 the public or an indefinite number of persons and (II) a fraternal
- 19 benefit society organized and licensed under sections 44-1072 to
- 20 44-10,109.
- 21 (iii) The property tax exemption authorized in subdivision (1)(d)(i)
- 22 of this section shall apply to any skilled nursing facility as defined in
- 23 section 71-429, nursing facility as defined in section 71-424, or
- 24 assisted-living facility as defined in section 71-5903 that provides
- 25 housing for medicaid beneficiaries, except that the exemption amount for
- 26 such property shall be a percentage of the property taxes that would
- 27 otherwise be due. Such percentage shall be equal to the average
- 28 percentage of occupied beds in the facility provided to medicaid
- 29 beneficiaries over the most recent three-year period.
- 30 (iv) The property tax exemption authorized in subdivision (1)(d)(i)
- 31 of this section shall apply to a building that (A) is owned by a

- 1 charitable organization, (B) is made available to students in attendance
- 2 at an educational institution, and (C) is recognized by such educational
- 3 institution as approved student housing, except that the exemption shall
- 4 only apply to the commons area of such building, including any common
- 5 rooms and cooking and eating facilities; and
- 6 (e) Household goods and personal effects not owned or used for 7 financial gain or profit to either the owner or user.
- 8 (2) The increased value of land by reason of shade and ornamental
- 9 trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into account in the
- 10 valuation of land.
- 11 (3) Tangible personal property which is not depreciable tangible
- 12 personal property as defined in section 77-119 shall be exempt from
- 13 property tax.
- 14 (4) Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers required to be
- 15 registered for operation on the highways of this state shall be exempt
- 16 from payment of property taxes.
- 17 (5) Business and agricultural inventory shall be exempt from the
- 18 personal property tax. For purposes of this subsection, business
- 19 inventory includes personal property owned for purposes of leasing or
- 20 renting such property to others for financial gain only if the personal
- 21 property is of a type which in the ordinary course of business is leased
- 22 or rented thirty days or less and may be returned at the option of the
- 23 lessee or renter at any time and the personal property is of a type which
- 24 would be considered household goods or personal effects if owned by an
- 25 individual. All other personal property owned for purposes of leasing or
- 26 renting such property to others for financial gain shall not be
- 27 considered business inventory.
- 28 (6) Any personal property exempt pursuant to subsection (2) of
- 29 section 77-4105 or section 77-5209.02 shall be exempt from the personal
- 30 property tax.
- 31 (7) Livestock shall be exempt from the personal property tax.

1 (8) Any personal property exempt pursuant to the Nebraska Advantage 2 Act or the ImagiNE Nebraska Act shall be exempt from the personal 3 property tax.

- (9) Any depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the 4 generation of electricity using wind as the fuel source shall be exempt 5 from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property. 6 7 depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the Any generation of electricity using solar, biomass, or landfill gas as the 8 9 fuel source shall be exempt from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property if such depreciable tangible personal property 10 was installed on or after January 1, 2016, and has a nameplate capacity 11 of one hundred kilowatts or more. Depreciable tangible personal property 12 used directly in the generation of electricity using wind, solar, 13 14 biomass, or landfill gas as the fuel source includes, but is not limited to, wind turbines, rotors and blades, towers, solar panels, trackers, 15 16 generating equipment, transmission components, substations, supporting structures or racks, inverters, and other system components such as 17 wiring, control systems, switchgears, and generator step-up transformers. 18
- (10) Any tangible personal property that is acquired by a person 19 operating a data center located in this state, that is assembled, 20 engineered, processed, fabricated, manufactured into, attached to, or 21 22 incorporated into other tangible personal property, both in component 23 form or that of an assembled product, for the purpose of subsequent use 24 at a physical location outside this state by the person operating a data 25 center shall be exempt from the personal property tax. Such exemption extends to keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power over 26 tangible personal property in this state for the purpose of subsequently 27 transporting it outside this state for use thereafter outside this state. 28 For purposes of this subsection, data center means computers, supporting 29 equipment, and other organized assembly of hardware or software that are 30 31 designed to centralize the storage, management, or dissemination of data

- 1 and information, environmentally controlled structures or facilities or
- 2 interrelated structures or facilities that provide the infrastructure for
- 3 housing the equipment, such as raised flooring, electricity supply,
- 4 communication and data lines, Internet access, cooling, security, and
- 5 fire suppression, and any building housing the foregoing.
- 6 (11) For tax years <u>after</u> prior to tax year <u>2024</u> 2020, each person
- 7 who owns property required to be reported to the county assessor under
- 8 section 77-1201 shall be allowed an exemption amount as provided in the
- 9 Personal Property Tax Relief Act. For tax years after prior to tax year
- 10 2024 2020, each person who owns property required to be valued by the
- 11 state as provided in section 77-601, 77-682, 77-801, or 77-1248 shall be
- 12 allowed a compensating exemption factor as provided in the Personal
- 13 Property Tax Relief Act.
- 14 (12)(a) Broadband equipment shall be exempt from the personal
- 15 property tax if such broadband equipment is:
- 16 (i) Deployed in an area funded in whole or in part by funds from the
- 17 Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment Program, authorized by the
- 18 federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Public Law 117-58; or
- 19 (ii) Deployed in a qualified census tract located within the
- 20 corporate limits of a city of the metropolitan class and being utilized
- 21 to provide end-users with access to the Internet at speeds of at least
- 22 one hundred megabits per second for downloading and at least one hundred
- 23 megabits per second for uploading.
- 24 (b) An owner of broadband equipment seeking an exemption under this
- 25 section shall apply for an exemption to the county assessor on or before
- 26 December 31 of the year preceding the year for which the exemption is to
- 27 begin. If the broadband equipment meets the criteria described in this
- 28 subsection, the county assessor shall approve the application within
- 29 thirty calendar days after receiving the application. The application
- 30 shall be on forms prescribed by the Tax Commissioner.
- 31 (c) For purposes of this subsection:

- 1 (i) Broadband communications service means telecommunications
- 2 service as defined in section 86-121, video programming as defined in 47
- 3 U.S.C. 522, as such section existed on January 1, 2024, or Internet
- 4 access as defined in section 1104 of the federal Internet Tax Freedom
- 5 Act, Public Law 105-277;
- 6 (ii) Broadband equipment means machinery or equipment used to
- 7 provide broadband communications service and includes, but is not limited
- 8 to, wires, cables, fiber, conduits, antennas, poles, switches, routers,
- 9 amplifiers, rectifiers, repeaters, receivers, multiplexers, duplexers,
- 10 transmitters, circuit cards, insulating and protective materials and
- 11 cases, power equipment, backup power equipment, diagnostic equipment,
- 12 storage devices, modems, and other general central office or headend
- 13 equipment, such as channel cards, frames, and cabinets, or equipment used
- 14 in successor technologies, including items used to monitor, test,
- 15 maintain, enable, or facilitate qualifying equipment, machinery,
- 16 software, ancillary components, appurtenances, accessories, or other
- 17 infrastructure that is used in whole or in part to provide broadband
- 18 communications service. Machinery or equipment used to produce broadband
- 19 communications service does not include personal consumer electronics,
- 20 including, but not limited to, smartphones, computers, and tablets; and
- 21 (iii) Qualified census tract means a qualified census tract as
- 22 defined in 26 U.S.C. 42(d)(5)(B)(ii)(I), as such section existed on
- 23 January 1, 2024.
- 24 Sec. 2. Section 77-693, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 25 2024, is amended to read:
- 26 77-693 (1) The Property Tax Administrator in determining the taxable
- 27 value of railroads and car lines shall determine the following ratios
- 28 involving railroad and car line property and commercial and industrial
- 29 property:
- 30 (a) The ratio of the taxable value of all commercial and industrial
- 31 personal property in the state actually subjected to property tax divided

1 by the market value of all commercial and industrial personal property in

- 2 the state;
- 3 (b) The ratio of the taxable value of all commercial and industrial
- 4 real property in the state actually subjected to property tax divided by
- 5 the market value of all commercial and industrial real property in the
- 6 state;
- 7 (c) The ratio of the taxable value of railroad personal property to
- 8 the market value of railroad personal property. The numerator of the
- 9 ratio shall be the taxable value of railroad personal property. The
- 10 denominator of the ratio shall be the railroad system value allocated to
- 11 Nebraska and multiplied by a factor representing the net book value of
- 12 rail transportation personal property divided by the net book value of
- 13 total rail transportation property;
- 14 (d) The ratio of the taxable value of railroad real property to the
- 15 market value of railroad real property. The numerator of the ratio shall
- 16 be the taxable value of railroad real property. The denominator of the
- 17 ratio shall be the railroad system value allocated to Nebraska and
- 18 multiplied by a factor representing the net book value of rail
- 19 transportation real property divided by the net book value of total rail
- 20 transportation property; and
- 21 (e) Similar calculations shall be made for car line taxable
- 22 properties.
- 23 (2) If the ratio of the taxable value of railroad and car line
- 24 personal or real property exceeds the ratio of the comparable taxable
- 25 commercial and industrial property by more than five percent, the
- 26 Property Tax Administrator may adjust the value of such railroad and car
- 27 line property to the percentage of the comparable taxable commercial and
- 28 industrial property pursuant to federal statute or Nebraska federal court
- 29 decisions applicable thereto.
- 30 (3) For purposes of this section, commercial and industrial property
- 31 shall mean all real and personal property which is devoted to commercial

1 or industrial use other than rail transportation property and land used

- 2 primarily for agricultural purposes.
- 3 (4) For tax years <u>after</u> prior to tax year <u>2024</u> 2020, after the
- 4 adjustment made pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the
- 5 Property Tax Administrator shall multiply the value of the tangible
- 6 personal property of each railroad and car line by the compensating
- 7 exemption factor calculated in section 77-1238.
- 8 Sec. 3. Section 77-801, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 9 2024, is amended to read:
- 10 77-801 (1) All public service entities shall, on or before April 15
- of each year, furnish a statement specifying such information as may be
- 12 required by the Property Tax Administrator on forms prescribed by the Tax
- 13 Commissioner to determine and distribute the entity's total taxable value
- 14 including the franchise value. All information reported by the public
- 15 service entities, not available from any other public source, and any
- 16 memorandum thereof shall be confidential and available to taxing
- 17 officials only. For good cause shown, the Property Tax Administrator may
- 18 allow an extension of time in which to file such statement. Such
- 19 extension shall not exceed fifteen days after April 15.
- 20 (2) The returns of public service entities shall not be held to be
- 21 conclusive as to the taxable value of the property, but the Property Tax
- 22 Administrator shall, from all the information which he or she is able to
- 23 obtain, find the taxable value of all such property, including tangible
- 24 property and franchises, and shall assess such property on the same basis
- 25 as other property is required to be assessed.
- 26 (3) The county assessor shall assess all nonoperating property of
- 27 any public service entity. A public service entity operating within the
- 28 State of Nebraska shall, on or before January 1 of each year, report to
- 29 the county assessor of each county in which it has situs all nonoperating
- 30 property belonging to such entity which is not subject to assessment and
- 31 assessed by the Property Tax Administrator under section 77-802.

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- 1 (4) For tax years after prior to tax year 2024 2020, the Property
- 2 Tax Administrator shall multiply the value of the tangible personal
- 3 property of each public service entity by the compensating exemption
- 4 factor calculated in section 77-1238.
- 5 Sec. 4. Section 77-1238, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 6 2024, is amended to read:
- 7 77-1238 (1) For tax years after prior to tax year $\frac{2024}{2020}$, every
- 8 person who is required to list his or her taxable tangible personal
- 9 property as defined in section 77-105, as required under section 77-1229,
- 10 shall receive an exemption from taxation for the first ten thousand
- 11 dollars of valuation of his or her tangible personal property in each tax
- 12 district as defined in section 77-127 in which a personal property return
- is required to be filed. Failure to report tangible personal property on
- 14 the personal property return required by section 77-1229 shall result in
- 15 a forfeiture of the exemption for any tangible personal property not
- 16 timely reported for that year.
- 17 (2) For tax years <u>after</u> prior to tax year <u>2024</u> 2020, the Property
- 18 Tax Administrator shall reduce the value of the tangible personal
- 19 property owned by each railroad, car line company, public service entity,
- 20 and air carrier by a compensating exemption factor to reflect the
- 21 exemption allowed in subsection (1) of this section for all other
- 22 personal property taxpayers. The compensating exemption factor is
- 23 calculated by multiplying the value of the tangible personal property of
- 24 the railroad, car line company, public service entity, or air carrier by
- 25 a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount of locally
- 26 assessed tangible personal property that is actually subjected to
- 27 property tax after the exemption allowed in subsection (1) of this
- 28 section, and the denominator of which is the net book value of locally
- 29 assessed tangible personal property prior to the exemptions allowed in
- 30 subsection (1) of this section.
- 31 Sec. 5. Section 77-1239, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

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1 2024, is amended to read:

2 77-1239 (1) For tax years after prior to tax year 2024 2020, reimbursement to taxing subdivisions for tax revenue that will be lost 3 4 because of the personal property tax exemptions allowed in subsection (1) 5 of section 77-1238 shall be as provided in this subsection. The county assessor and county treasurer shall, on or before November 30 of each 6 year, certify to the Tax Commissioner, on forms prescribed by the Tax 7 Commissioner, the total tax revenue that will be lost to all taxing 8 9 subdivisions within his or her county from taxes levied and assessed in that year because of the personal property tax exemptions allowed in 10 subsection (1) of section 77-1238. The county assessor and county 11 treasurer may amend the certification to show any change or correction in 12 the total tax revenue that will be lost until May 30 of the next 13 succeeding year. The Tax Commissioner shall, on or before January 1 next 14 following the certification, notify the Director of Administrative 15 Services of the amount so certified to be reimbursed by the state. 16 17 Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost shall be made to each county according to the certification and shall be distributed in two 18 19 approximately equal installments on the last business day of February and the last business day of June. The State Treasurer shall, on the business 20 day preceding the last business day of February and the last business day 21 of June, notify the Director of Administrative Services of the amount of 22 23 funds available in the General Fund to pay the reimbursement. The 24 Director of Administrative Services shall, on the last business day of February and the last business day of June, draw warrants against funds 25 appropriated. Out of the amount received, the county treasurer shall 26 distribute to each of the taxing subdivisions within his or her county 27 28 the full tax revenue lost by each subdivision, except that one percent of such amount shall be deposited in the county general fund. 29

(2) For tax years <u>after prior to</u> tax year <u>2024</u> 2020, reimbursement to taxing subdivisions for tax revenue that will be lost because of the

- compensating exemption factor in subsection (2) of section 77-1238 shall 1 2 be as provided in this subsection. The Property Tax Administrator shall establish the average tax rate that will be used for purposes of 3 4 reimbursing taxing subdivisions pursuant to this subsection. The average 5 tax rate shall be equal to the total property taxes levied in the state divided by the total taxable value of all taxable property in the state 6 as certified pursuant to section 77-1613.01. The total valuation that 7 will be lost to all taxing subdivisions within each county because of the 8 9 compensating exemption factor in subsection (2) of section 77-1238, multiplied by the average tax rate calculated pursuant to this 10 subsection, shall be the tax revenue to be reimbursed to the taxing 11 subdivisions by the state. Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost for 12 public service entities shall be made to each county according to the 13 certification and shall be distributed among the taxing subdivisions 14 within each county in the same proportion as all public service entity 15 taxes levied by the taxing subdivisions. Reimbursement of the tax revenue 16 17 lost for railroads shall be made to each county according to the certification and shall be distributed among the taxing subdivisions 18 19 within each county in the same proportion as all railroad taxes levied by taxing subdivisions. Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost for car line 20 companies shall be distributed in the same manner as the taxes collected 21 pursuant to section 77-684. Reimbursement of the tax revenue lost for air 22 23 carriers shall be distributed in the same manner as the taxes collected pursuant to section 77-1250. 24
- 25 (3) Each taxing subdivision shall, in preparing its annual or 26 biennial budget, take into account the amounts to be received under this 27 section.
- 28 **Sec. 6.** Section 77-1248, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 29 2024, is amended to read:
- 77-1248 (1) The Property Tax Administrator shall ascertain from the reports made and from any other information obtained by him or her the

- 1 taxable value of the flight equipment of air carriers and the proportion
- 2 allocated to this state for the purposes of taxation as provided in
- 3 section 77-1245.
- 4 (2)(a) In determining the taxable value of the flight equipment of
- 5 air carriers pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the Property Tax
- 6 Administrator shall determine the following ratios:
- 7 (i) The ratio of the taxable value of all commercial and industrial
- 8 depreciable tangible personal property in the state actually subjected to
- 9 property tax to the market value of all commercial and industrial
- 10 depreciable tangible personal property in the state; and
- 11 (ii) The ratio of the taxable value of flight equipment of air
- 12 carriers to the market value of flight equipment of air carriers.
- 13 (b) If the ratio of the taxable value of flight equipment of air
- 14 carriers exceeds the ratio of the taxable value of commercial and
- 15 industrial depreciable tangible personal property by more than five
- 16 percent, the Property Tax Administrator may adjust the value of such
- 17 flight equipment of air carriers to the percentage of the taxable
- 18 commercial and industrial depreciable tangible personal property pursuant
- 19 to federal law applicable to air carrier transportation property or
- 20 Nebraska federal court decisions applicable thereto.
- 21 (c) For purposes of this subsection, commercial and industrial
- 22 depreciable tangible personal property means all personal property which
- 23 is devoted to commercial or industrial use other than flight equipment of
- 24 air carriers.
- 25 (3) For tax years <u>after prior to</u> tax year <u>2024</u> 2020, the Property
- 26 Tax Administrator shall multiply the valuation of each air carrier by the
- 27 compensating exemption factor calculated in section 77-1238.
- 28 Sec. 7. Section 77-1514, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 29 2024, is amended to read:
- 30 77-1514 (1) The county assessor shall prepare an abstract of the
- 31 property assessment rolls of locally assessed real property of his or her

- 1 county on forms prescribed and furnished by the Tax Commissioner. The 2 county assessor shall file the abstract with the Property 3 Administrator on or before March 19, except beginning January 1, 2014, in any county with a population of at least one hundred fifty thousand 4 5 inhabitants according to the most recent federal decennial census, the real property abstract shall be filed on or before March 25. The abstract 6 shall show the taxable value of real property in the county as determined 7 by the county assessor and any other information as required by the 8 9 Property Tax Administrator. The Property Tax Administrator, upon written request from the county assessor, may for good cause shown extend the 10 final filing due date for the abstract and the statutory deadlines 11 provided in section 77-5027. The Property Tax Administrator may extend 12 the statutory deadline in section 77-5028 for a county if the deadline is 13 extended for that county. Beginning January 1, 2014, in any county with a 14 population of at least one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants according 15 16 to the most recent federal decennial census, the county assessor shall request an extension of the final filing due date by March 22. 17
- (2) For tax years after prior to tax year 2024 2020, the county 18 19 assessor shall prepare an abstract of the property assessment rolls of locally assessed personal property of his or her county on forms 20 prescribed and furnished by the Tax Commissioner. The county assessor 21 22 electronically file the abstract with the Property Tax Administrator on or before July 20. 23
- Sec. 8. Original sections 77-202, 77-693, 77-801, 77-1238, 77-1239, 77-1248, and 77-1514, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024, are repealed.