LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED NINTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 195

Introduced by Meyer, 17; Cavanaugh, M., 6; DeBoer, 10; Guereca, 7; Hunt, 8; Juarez, 5.

Read first time January 14, 2025

Committee: Judiciary

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to the Uniform Controlled Substances Act; to
- 2 amend section 28-470, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2024;
- 3 to provide for immunity for conduct relating to opioid overdose
- 4 reversal medications; to provide and eliminate definitions; and to
- 5 repeal the original section.
- 6 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

- **Section 1.** Section 28-470, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 2 2024, is amended to read:
- 3 28-470 (1) A health professional who is authorized to prescribe or
- 4 dispense an opioid overdose reversal medication naloxone, if acting with
- 5 reasonable care, may prescribe, administer, or dispense such medication
- 6 naloxone to any of the following persons without being subject to
- 7 administrative action or criminal prosecution:
- 8 (a) A person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to
- 9 experience an opioid-related overdose; or
- 10 (b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist
- 11 a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to experience an
- 12 opioid-related overdose.
- 13 (2) A family member, friend, or other person, including school
- 14 personnel, who is in a position to assist a person who is apparently
- 15 experiencing or who is likely to experience an opioid-related overdose,
- 16 other than an emergency responder or peace officer, is not subject to
- 17 actions under the Uniform Credentialing Act, administrative action, or
- 18 criminal prosecution if the person, acting in good faith, obtains an
- 19 <u>opioid overdose reversal medication naloxone</u> from a health professional
- 20 or a prescription for <u>such medication</u> naloxone from a health professional
- 21 and administers <u>such medication</u> the naloxone obtained from the health
- 22 professional or acquired pursuant to the prescription to a person who is
- 23 apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
- 24 (3) An emergency responder who, acting in good faith, obtains an
- 25 opioid overdose reversal medication naloxone from the emergency
- 26 responder's emergency medical service organization and administers <u>such</u>
- 27 medication the naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an
- 28 opioid-related overdose shall not be:
- 29 (a) Subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution; or
- 30 (b) Personally liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a
- 31 result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising out of and in

- 1 the course of his or her rendering such care or services or arising out
- 2 of his or her failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical
- 3 treatment or care for the person who is apparently experiencing an
- 4 opioid-related overdose, unless the emergency responder caused damage or
- 5 injury by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act of
- 6 commission or omission. This subdivision shall not affect the liability
- 7 of such emergency medical service organization for the emergency
- 8 responder's acts of commission or omission.
- 9 (4) A peace officer or law enforcement employee who, acting in good
- 10 faith, obtains <u>an opioid overdose reversal medication</u> naloxone from the
- 11 peace officer's or employee's law enforcement agency and administers such
- 12 <u>medication</u> the naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an
- 13 opioid-related overdose shall not be:
- 14 (a) Subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution; or
- 15 (b) Personally liable in any civil action to respond in damages as a
- 16 result of his or her acts of commission or omission arising out of and in
- 17 the course of his or her rendering such care or services or arising out
- 18 of his or her failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical
- 19 treatment or care for the person who is apparently experiencing an
- 20 opioid-related overdose, unless the peace officer or employee caused
- 21 damage or injury by his or her willful, wanton, or grossly negligent act
- 22 of commission or omission. This subdivision shall not affect the
- 23 liability of such law enforcement agency for the peace officer's or
- 24 employee's acts of commission or omission.
- 25 (5) For purposes of this section:
- 26 (a) Administer has the same meaning as in section 38-2806;
- (b) Dispense has the same meaning as in section 38-2817;
- 28 (c) Emergency responder means an emergency medical responder, an
- 29 emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician,
- 30 or a paramedic licensed under the Emergency Medical Services Practice Act
- 31 or practicing pursuant to the EMS Personnel Licensure Interstate Compact;

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- 1 (d) Health professional means a physician, physician assistant,
- 2 nurse practitioner, or pharmacist licensed under the Uniform
- 3 Credentialing Act;
- 4 (e) Law enforcement agency means a police department, a town
- 5 marshal, the office of sheriff, or the Nebraska State Patrol;
- 6 (f) Law enforcement employee means an employee of a law enforcement
- 7 agency, a contractor of a law enforcement agency, or an employee of such
- 8 contractor who regularly, as part of his or her duties, handles,
- 9 processes, or is likely to come into contact with any evidence or
- 10 property which may include or contain opioids;
- 11 (g) <u>Opioid overdose reversal medication means any lifesaving</u>
- 12 medication approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for
- 13 reversing an opioid overdose, and includes, but is not limited to,
- 14 <u>naloxone and nalmefene</u> Naloxone means naloxone hydrochloride; and
- (h) Peace officer has the same meaning as in section 49-801.
- 16 Sec. 2. Original section 28-470, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 17 Supplement, 2024, is repealed.