LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 80

Introduced by Raybould, 28.

Read first time July 29, 2024

Committee: Revenue

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections 13-508, 13-518, 13-2817, 14-109, 15-202, 15-203, 16-205, 17-525, 2 3 29-3933, 72-2305, 72-2306, 77-1315, and 77-27,142, Reissue Revised 4 Statutes of Nebraska; sections 77-1630, 77-1776, and 77-27,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022; section 77-1701, 5 6 Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023; and section 18-1208, Reissue 7 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, as amended by Laws 2024, LB1317, 8 section 55; to adopt the Property Tax Growth Limitation Act; to 9 provide for an ad valorem adjustment relating to tax-increment 10 financing; to change provisions relating to budget limitations, municipal occupation taxes, property tax notices, and property tax 11 statements; to terminate the Property Tax Request Act; to harmonize 12 13 provisions; and to repeal the original sections. Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 8 of this act shall be known and may be

- 2 cited as the Property Tax Growth Limitation Act.
- 3 Sec. 2. For purposes of the Property Tax Growth Limitation Act:
- 4 (1) Approved bonds means bonds as defined in subdivision (1) of
- 5 section 10-134 that are approved according to law, excluding any bonds
- 6 issued to finance a project or projects if the issuance of bonds for such
- 7 project or projects was the subject of a general obligation bond election
- 8 held at the most recent regularly scheduled election and was not approved
- 9 at such election;
- 10 (2) Auditor means the Auditor of Public Accounts;
- 11 (3) Consumer price index means the Consumer Price Index for All
- 12 Urban Consumers published by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics;
- 13 (4) Emergency means an emergency, as defined in section 81-829.39,
- 14 for which a state of emergency proclamation or local state of emergency
- 15 proclamation has been issued under the Emergency Management Act;
- 16 (5) Growth percentage means the percentage obtained by dividing (a)
- 17 the political subdivision's growth value by (b) the political
- 18 subdivision's total property valuation from the prior year;
- 19 <u>(6) Growth value means the increase in a political subdivision's</u>
- 20 total property valuation, including any increase to the valuation of any
- 21 tax increment financing project located in the political subdivision,
- 22 from the prior year to the current year due to (a) improvements to real
- 23 property as a result of new construction and additions to existing
- 24 <u>buildings, (b) any other improvements to real property which increase the</u>
- 25 value of such property, (c) annexation of real property by the political
- 26 <u>subdivision</u>, (d) a change in the use of real property, and (e) any
- 27 increase in personal property valuation over the prior year;
- 28 (7) Political subdivision means any county, city, or village;
- 29 <u>(8) Property tax request means the total amount of property taxes</u>
- 30 <u>requested to be raised for a political subdivision through the levy</u>
- 31 imposed pursuant to section 77-1601;

1 (9) Property tax request authority means the amount that may be

- 2 included in a political subdivision's property tax request as determined
- 3 pursuant to the Property Tax Growth Limitation Act;
- 4 (10) Public safety expenses means expenses incurred by a political
- 5 <u>subdivision for the well-being and protection of the general public;</u>
- 6 (11) State aid means:
- 7 <u>(a) For all political subdivisions, state aid paid pursuant to</u>
- 8 <u>sections 60-3,202 and 77-3523 and reimbursement provided pursuant to</u>
- 9 <u>section 77-1239;</u>
- 10 (b) For cities and villages, state aid to cities and villages paid
- 11 pursuant to sections 39-2501 to 39-2520, 60-3,190, and 77-27,139.04 and
- 12 <u>insurance premium tax paid to cities and villages; and</u>
- 13 <u>(c) For counties, state aid to counties paid pursuant to sections</u>
- 14 60-3,184 to 60-3,190, insurance premium tax paid to counties, and
- 15 <u>reimbursements to counties from funds appropriated pursuant to section</u>
- 16 29-3933; and
- 17 (12) Tax increment financing project means a redevelopment project
- 18 <u>as defined in section 18-2103 that is financed through the division of</u>
- 19 <u>taxes as provided in section 18-2147.</u>
- 20 Sec. 3. (1) Except as otherwise provided in the Property Tax Growth
- 21 Limitation Act, for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2025, a
- 22 political subdivision's property tax request for any year shall not
- 23 exceed its property tax request authority as determined under this
- 24 section. The preliminary property tax request authority for each
- 25 political subdivision shall be the amount of property taxes levied by the
- 26 <u>county board of equalization pursuant to section 77-1601 for such</u>
- 27 political subdivision in the prior fiscal year.
- 28 (2) In addition to the preliminary property tax request authority,
- 29 the political subdivision's property tax request authority may be
- 30 <u>increased by the product of:</u>
- 31 (a) The amount of property taxes levied in the prior year increased

1 by the political subdivision's growth percentage, less the sum of

- 2 exceptions utilized in the prior year pursuant to subdivisions (1), (4),
- 3 and (6) of section 4 of this act; and
- 4 (b) The greater of five percent or the percentage change in the
- 5 consumer price index over the most recently completed calendar year.
- 6 Sec. 4. A political subdivision may increase its property tax
- 7 request authority over the amount determined under section 3 of this act
- 8 <u>by:</u>
- 9 (1) The amount of property taxes budgeted for approved bonds;
- 10 (2) The amount of property taxes budgeted for capital improvements;
- 11 (3) The amount of property taxes budgeted in support of a service
- 12 which is the subject of an agreement or a modification of an existing
- 13 agreement whether operated by one of the parties to the agreement or by
- 14 <u>an independent joint entity or joint public agency;</u>
- 15 (4) The amount of property taxes needed to respond to an emergency
- 16 declared in the preceding year, as certified to the auditor;
- 17 <u>(5) The amount of unused property tax request authority determined</u>
- 18 in accordance with section 6 of this act;
- 19 <u>(6) The amount of property taxes budgeted for public safety</u>
- 20 <u>expenses;</u>
- 21 (7) The increase in property tax request authority approved by the
- 22 legal voters as provided in section 5 of this act; and
- 23 (8) The amount of property taxes needed to replace any revenue
- 24 stream collected in the prior year that was eliminated or reduced through
- 25 legislative action.
- Sec. 5. (1) A political subdivision may increase its property tax
- 27 <u>request authority over the amount determined under section 3 of this act</u>
- 28 <u>if such increase is approved by a majority of legal voters voting on the</u>
- 29 issue at an election described in subsection (2) of this section. Such
- 30 issue shall be placed on the ballot (a) upon the recommendation of the
- 31 governing body of such political subdivision or (b) upon the receipt by

1 the county clerk or election commissioner of a petition requesting such

- 2 <u>issue to be placed on the ballot which is signed by at least five percent</u>
- 3 of the legal voters of the political subdivision. The recommendation of
- 4 the governing body or the petition of the legal voters shall include the
- 5 amount by which the political subdivision would increase its property tax
- 6 request authority over and above the amount determined under section 3 of
- 7 this act.
- 8 (2) Upon receipt of such recommendation or legal voter petition, the
- 9 county clerk or election commissioner shall place such issue on the
- 10 ballot at the next regularly scheduled election. The election shall be
- 11 held pursuant to the Election Act, and all costs shall be paid by the
- 12 political subdivision. The issue may be approved on the same question as
- 13 <u>a vote to exceed the levy limits provided in section 77-3444. If a</u>
- 14 majority of the votes cast on the issue are in favor of increasing the
- 15 political subdivision's property tax request authority, the political
- 16 subdivision shall be empowered to do so.
- 17 Sec. 6. <u>A political subdivision may choose not to increase its</u>
- 18 total property taxes levied by the full amount of the property tax
- 19 request authority allowed in a particular year. In such cases, the
- 20 political subdivision may carry forward to future budget years the amount
- 21 of unused property tax request authority, but accumulation of unused
- 22 property tax request authority shall not exceed an aggregate of five
- 23 percent of the total property tax request authority from the prior year.
- Sec. 7. The auditor shall prepare forms to be used by political
- 25 subdivisions for the purpose of calculating property tax request
- 26 authority and unused property tax request authority. Each political
- 27 subdivision shall calculate such amounts and submit the forms to the
- 28 auditor on or before September 30, 2025, and on or before September 30 of
- 29 each year thereafter. If a political subdivision fails to submit such
- 30 forms to the auditor or if the auditor determines from such forms that a
- 31 political subdivision is not complying with the limits provided in the

1 Property Tax Growth Limitation Act, the auditor shall notify the

- 2 political subdivision and the State Treasurer of the noncompliance. The
- 3 State Treasurer shall then suspend distribution of state aid allocated to
- 4 the political subdivision until the political subdivision complies. The
- 5 funds shall be held for six months. If the political subdivision complies
- 6 within the six-month period, it shall receive the suspended funds. If the
- 7 political subdivision fails to comply within the six-month period, the
- 8 suspended funds shall be forfeited and shall be redistributed to other
- 9 recipients of the state aid or, in the case of homestead exemption
- 10 reimbursement, returned to the General Fund.
- Sec. 8. The auditor may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations
- 12 <u>to carry out the Property Tax Growth Limitation Act.</u>
- 13 Sec. 9. (1) For purposes of this section:
- 14 <u>(a) Ad valorem adjustment means an amount equal to the portion of</u>
- 15 the property taxes that would be produced by the applicable school
- 16 district levy rate in 2024 imposed upon the excess valuation, less the
- 17 amount of actual property taxes generated by the school district levy
- 18 rate in the current year on the excess valuation;
- 19 (b) Authority has the same meaning as in section 18-2103;
- 20 <u>(c) Excess valuation means the amount of valuation of the real</u>
- 21 property in a redevelopment project in excess of the redevelopment
- 22 project valuation for such real property;
- 23 <u>(d) Redevelopment project has the same meaning as in section</u>
- 24 18-2103; and
- 25 (e) Redevelopment project valuation has the same meaning as in
- 26 section 18-2103.
- 27 (2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any
- 28 legislation enacted during the One Hundred Eighth Legislature, First
- 29 Special Session, that creates, establishes, increases, or otherwise
- 30 provides state funding for school districts and which has the effect,
- 31 directly or indirectly, of reducing the property tax levy rates of school

- 1 districts, the amount paid to each such school district from such state
- 2 funding source shall be reduced by an amount equal to the ad valorem
- 3 <u>adjustment applicable to such school district. The ad valorem adjustment</u>
- 4 <u>shall instead be remitted to the authority to which such property taxes</u>
- 5 <u>are payable pursuant to section 18-2147.</u>
- 6 Sec. 10. Section 13-508, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 7 amended to read:
- 8 13-508 (1) After publication and hearing thereon and within the time 9 prescribed by law, each governing body shall file with and certify to the levying board or boards on or before September 30 of each year or 10 September 30 of the final year of a biennial period and file with the 11 auditor a copy of the adopted budget statement which complies with 12 13 sections 13-518 to 13-522 or 79-1023 to 79-1030, if applicable, together 14 with the amount of the tax required to fund the adopted budget, setting out separately (a) the amount to be levied for the payment of principal 15 or interest on bonds issued or authorized to be issued by the governing 16 body or the legal voters of the political subdivision and (b) the amount 17 to be levied for all other purposes. Proof of publication shall be 18 attached to the statements. For fiscal years prior to fiscal year 19 2017-18, learning communities shall also file a copy of such adopted 20 budget statement with member school districts on or before September 1 of 21 each year. If the prime rate published by the Federal Reserve Board is 22 23 ten percent or more at the time of the filing and certification required 24 under this subsection, the governing body, in certifying the amount 25 required, may make allowance for delinquent taxes not exceeding five percent of the amount required plus the actual percentage of delinquent 26 taxes for the preceding tax year or biennial period and for the amount of 27 estimated tax loss from any pending or anticipated litigation which 28 involves taxation and in which tax collections have been or can be 29 withheld or escrowed by court order. For purposes of this section, 30 anticipated litigation shall be limited to the anticipation of an action 31

- 1 being filed by a taxpayer who or which filed a similar action for the
- 2 preceding year or biennial period which is still pending. Except for such
- 3 allowances, a governing body shall not certify an amount of tax more than
- 4 one percent greater or lesser than the amount determined under section
- 5 13-505.
- 6 (2) Each governing body shall use the certified taxable values as
- 7 provided by the county assessor pursuant to section 13-509 for the
- 8 current year in setting or certifying the levy. Each governing body may
- 9 designate one of its members to perform any duty or responsibility
- 10 required of such body by this section.
- 11 Sec. 11. Section 13-518, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 12 amended to read:
- 13 13-518 For purposes of sections 13-518 to 13-522:
- 14 (1) Allowable growth means (a) for governmental units other than
- 15 community colleges, the percentage increase in taxable valuation in
- 16 excess of the base limitation established under section 77-3446, if any,
- 17 due to improvements to real property as a result of new construction,
- 18 additions to existing buildings, any improvements to real property which
- 19 increase the value of such property, and any increase in valuation due to
- 20 annexation and any personal property valuation over the prior year and
- 21 (b) for community colleges, the percentage increase in excess of the base
- 22 limitation, if any, in full-time equivalent students from the second year
- 23 to the first year preceding the year for which the budget is being
- 24 determined;
- 25 (2) Capital improvements means (a) acquisition of real property or
- 26 (b) acquisition, construction, or extension of any improvements on real
- 27 property;
- 28 (3) Governing body has the same meaning as in section 13-503, except
- 29 that for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2025, such term shall
- 30 not include the governing body of any county, city, or village;
- 31 (4) Governmental unit means every political subdivision which has

- 1 authority to levy a property tax or authority to request levy authority
- 2 under section 77-3443, except that such term shall not include (a)
- 3 sanitary and improvement districts which have been in existence for five
- 4 years or less, (b) and school districts, or (c) for fiscal years
- 5 beginning on or after July 1, 2025, counties, cities, or villages;
- 6 (5) Qualified sinking fund means a fund or funds maintained
- 7 separately from the general fund to pay for acquisition or replacement of
- 8 tangible personal property with a useful life of five years or more which
- 9 is to be undertaken in the future but is to be paid for in part or in
- 10 total in advance using periodic payments into the fund. The term includes
- 11 sinking funds under subdivision (13) of section 35-508 for firefighting
- 12 and rescue equipment or apparatus;
- 13 (6) Restricted funds means (a) property tax, excluding any amounts
- 14 refunded to taxpayers, (b) payments in lieu of property taxes, (c) local
- option sales taxes, (d) motor vehicle taxes, (e) state aid, (f) transfers
- of surpluses from any user fee, permit fee, or regulatory fee if the fee
- 17 surplus is transferred to fund a service or function not directly related
- 18 to the fee and the costs of the activity funded from the fee, (g) any
- 19 funds excluded from restricted funds for the prior year because they were
- 20 budgeted for capital improvements but which were not spent and are not
- 21 expected to be spent for capital improvements, (h) the tax provided in
- 22 sections 77-27,223 to 77-27,227 beginning in the second fiscal year in
- 23 which the county will receive a full year of receipts, and (i) any excess
- 24 tax collections returned to the county under section 77-1776. Funds
- 25 received pursuant to the nameplate capacity tax levied under section
- 26 77-6203 for the first five years after a renewable energy generation
- 27 facility has been commissioned are nonrestricted funds; and
- 28 (7) State aid means:
- 29 (a) For all governmental units, state aid paid pursuant to sections
- 30 60-3,202 and 77-3523 and reimbursement provided pursuant to section
- 31 77-1239;

- 1 (b) For municipalities, state aid to municipalities paid pursuant to
- 2 sections 39-2501 to 39-2520, 60-3,190, and 77-27,139.04 and insurance
- 3 premium tax paid to municipalities;
- 4 (c) For counties, state aid to counties paid pursuant to sections
- 5 60-3,184 to 60-3,190, insurance premium tax paid to counties, and
- 6 reimbursements to counties from funds appropriated pursuant to section
- 7 29-3933;
- 8 (d) For community colleges, state aid to community colleges paid
- 9 pursuant to the Community College Aid Act;
- 10 (e) For educational service units, state aid appropriated under
- 11 sections 79-1241.01 and 79-1241.03; and
- 12 (f) For local public health departments as defined in section
- 13 71-1626, state aid as distributed under section 71-1628.08.
- 14 Sec. 12. Section 13-2817, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 15 amended to read:
- 16 13-2817 (1) Any municipality that is within the boundaries of a
- 17 municipal county that is not merged into the municipal county shall be
- 18 required to pay the municipal county for services that were previously
- 19 provided by the county and are not ordinarily provided by a municipality.
- 20 Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the amount paid
- 21 shall be equal to the attributable cost of county services times a ratio,
- 22 the numerator of which is the total valuation of all municipalities that
- 23 are within the boundaries of the municipal county and the denominator of
- 24 which is the total valuation of the municipal county and all
- 25 municipalities and unconsolidated sanitary and improvement districts that
- 26 are within the boundaries of the municipal county that are not merged
- 27 into the municipal county, times a ratio the numerator of which is the
- 28 valuation of the particular municipality and the denominator of which is
- 29 the total valuation of all municipalities that are within the boundaries
- 30 of the municipal county, except that (a) the amount paid shall not exceed
- 31 the total taxable valuation of the municipality times forty-five

- hundredths of one percent and (b) the municipality shall not be required to pay the municipal county for fire protection or ambulance services.
- 3 (2) The amount paid for law enforcement by a municipality that is within the boundaries of a municipal county but is not merged into the 4 municipal county shall be as follows: (a) If the county did not provide 5 6 law enforcement services prior to the formation of the municipal county 7 or if the municipality continues its own law enforcement services after 8 formation of the municipal county, the total cost of services budgeted by 9 the municipal county for law enforcement shall be the net cost of services that are the express and exclusive duties and responsibilities 10 of the county sheriff by law times the same ratios calculated in 11 subsection (1) of this section; (b) if the municipality discontinues 12 providing law enforcement services after the formation of the municipal 13 county (i) the municipal county shall provide a level of service in such 14 municipality that is equal to the level provided in the area or areas of 15 16 the municipal county that were municipalities prior to the formation of the municipal county and (ii) the municipality shall pay the municipal 17 county for the cost of county services for law enforcement as calculated 18 in subsection (1) of this section, except that for the first five years, 19 the amount shall be no more than the amount budgeted by the municipality 20 for law enforcement services in the last year the municipality provided 21 the services for itself; and (c) if the municipal county has deputized 22 23 the police force of the municipality to perform the express and exclusive 24 duties and responsibilities of the county sheriff by law, there shall be no amount paid to the municipal county for law enforcement services. 25
- (3) Disputes regarding the amounts any municipality that is within the boundaries of a municipal county that is not merged into the municipal county must pay to the municipal county for services that were previously provided by the county and are not ordinarily provided by a municipality shall be heard in the district court of such municipal county.

1 (4) For purposes of this section and section 13-2818, attributable cost of county services means the total budgeted cost of services that 2 were previously provided by the county for the immediately prior fiscal 3 4 year times a ratio, the numerator of which is the property tax request of 5 the municipal county or the county and all cities to be consolidated for the prior fiscal year, not including any tax for bonded indebtedness, and 6 7 the denominator of which is the total revenue from all sources that was of the restricted funds as defined in section 13-518 plus inheritance 8 taxes, fees, and charges and other revenue that were budgeted for the 9 immediately prior fiscal year by the municipal county or the county and 10 11 all cities to be consolidated.

Sec. 13. Section 14-109, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

14-109 (1)(a) The city council of a city of the metropolitan class 14 shall have power to tax for revenue, license, and regulate any person 15 16 within the limits of the city by ordinance except as otherwise provided 17 in this section. Such tax may include both a tax for revenue and license. The city council may raise revenue by levying and collecting a tax on any 18 occupation or business within the limits of the city. After March 27, 19 2014, any occupation tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make a 20 reasonable classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of 21 transactions for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation 22 23 tax shall be imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, 24 25 or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The occupation tax shall be imposed in the manner provided in section 26 27 18-1208, except that section 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax 28 subject to section 86-704. All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to the class upon which they are imposed. All scientific and literary 29 lectures and entertainments shall be exempt from taxation, as well as 30 concerts and all other musical entertainments given exclusively by the 31

1 citizens of the city. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to deliver

- 2 to the city treasurer a copy of the ordinance levying such tax.
- 3 (b) For purposes of this subsection, limits of the city does not 4 include the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of such city.
- 5 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c) of this subsection, the city council shall also have the power to require any 6 7 individual whose primary residence or person who owns a place of business which is within the limits of the city and that owns and operates a motor 8 9 vehicle within such limits to annually register such motor vehicle in such manner as may be provided and to require such person to pay an 10 annual motor vehicle fee therefor and to require the payment of such fee 11 upon the change of ownership of such vehicle. All such fees which may be 12 13 provided for under this subsection shall be credited to a separate fund 14 of the city, thereby created, to be used exclusively for constructing, repairing, maintaining, or improving streets, roads, alleys, public ways, 15 16 or parts of such streets, roads, alleys, or ways or for the amortization 17 of bonded indebtedness when created for such purposes.
- (b) No motor vehicle fee shall be required under this subsection if 18 19 (i) a vehicle is used or stored but temporarily in such city for a period of six months or less in a twelve-month period, (ii) an individual does 20 not have a primary residence or a person does not own a place of business 21 within the limits of the city and does not own and operate a motor 22 vehicle within the limits of the city, or (iii) an individual is a full-23 24 time student attending a postsecondary institution within the limits of 25 the city and the motor vehicle's situs under the Motor Vehicle Certificate of Title Act is different from the place at which he or she 26 is attending such institution. 27
- (c) After December 31, 2012, no motor vehicle fee shall be required of any individual whose primary residence is within the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of such city or any person who owns a place of business within such jurisdiction.

1 (d) For purposes of this subsection, limits of the city includes the 2 extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of such city.

- 3 (3) For purposes of this section, person includes bodies corporate,
- 4 societies, communities, the public generally, individuals, partnerships,
- 5 limited liability companies, joint-stock companies, cooperatives, and
- 6 associations. Person does not include any federal, state, or local
- 7 government or any political subdivision thereof.
- 8 Sec. 14. Section 15-202, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 9 amended to read:
- 10 15-202 A city of the primary class shall have the power to levy
- 11 taxes for general revenue purposes on all property within the corporate
- 12 limits of the city taxable according to the laws of Nebraska and to levy
- 13 an occupation tax on public service property or corporations in such
- 14 amounts as may be proper and necessary, in the judgment of the mayor and
- 15 city council, for purposes of revenue. All such taxes shall be uniform
- 16 with respect to the class upon which they are imposed. The occupation tax
- 17 may be based upon a certain percentage of the gross receipts of such
- 18 public service corporation or upon such other basis as may be determined
- 19 upon by the mayor and city council. After March 27, 2014, any occupation
- 20 tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable
- 21 classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions
- 22 for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation tax shall be
- 23 imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under section 53-160,
- 24 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or
- 25 which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The occupation tax
- 26 shall be imposed in the manner provided in section 18-1208, except that
- 27 section 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax subject to section
- 28 86-704.
- 29 Sec. 15. Section 15-203, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 30 amended to read:
- 31 15-203 A city of the primary class shall have power to raise revenue

1 by levying and collecting a license or occupation tax on any person,

- 2 partnership, limited liability company, corporation, or business within
- 3 the limits of the city and regulate the same by ordinance except as
- 4 otherwise provided in this section and in section 15-212. After March 27,
- 5 2014, any occupation tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make a
- 6 reasonable classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of
- 7 transactions for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation
- 8 tax shall be imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under
- 9 section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602,
- 10 or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The
- 11 occupation tax shall be imposed in the manner provided in section
- 12 18-1208, except that section 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax
- 13 subject to section 86-704. All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to
- 14 the class upon which they are imposed. All scientific and literary
- 15 lectures and entertainments shall be exempt from such taxation as well as
- 16 concerts and all other musical entertainments given exclusively by the
- 17 citizens of the city.
- 18 Sec. 16. Section 16-205, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 19 amended to read:
- 20 16-205 A city of the first class may raise revenue by levying and
- 21 collecting a license or occupation tax on any person, partnership,
- 22 limited liability company, corporation, or business within the limits of
- 23 the city and may regulate the same by ordinance. After March 27, 2014,
- 24 any occupation tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make a
- 25 reasonable classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of
- 26 transactions for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation
- 27 tax shall be imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under
- 28 section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602,
- 29 or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The
- 30 occupation tax shall be imposed in the manner provided in section
- 31 18-1208, except that section 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax

- 1 subject to section 86-704. All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to
- 2 the class upon which they are imposed. All scientific and literary
- 3 lectures and entertainments shall be exempt from such taxation as well as
- 4 concerts and all other musical entertainments given exclusively by the
- 5 citizens of the city.
- 6 Sec. 17. Section 17-525, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 7 amended to read:
- 8 17-525 Cities of the second class and villages shall have power to
- 9 raise revenue by levying and collecting a license tax on any occupation
- 10 or business within the limits of the city or village and regulate such
- occupation or business by ordinance. After March 27, 2014, any occupation
- 12 tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable
- 13 classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions
- 14 for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation tax shall be
- 15 imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under section 53-160,
- 16 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or
- 17 which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The occupation tax
- 18 shall be imposed in the manner provided in section 18-1208, except that
- 19 section 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax subject to section
- 20 86-704. All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to the classes upon
- 21 which they are imposed. All scientific and literary lectures and
- 22 entertainments shall be exempt from such taxation, as well as concerts
- 23 and other musical entertainments given exclusively by the citizens of the
- 24 city or village.
- 25 Sec. 18. Section 18-1208, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, as
- 26 amended by Laws 2024, LB1317, section 55, is amended to read:
- 27 18-1208 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, after
- 28 July 19, 2012, a municipality may impose a new occupation tax or increase
- 29 the rate of an existing occupation tax, which new occupation tax or
- 30 increased rate of an existing occupation tax is projected to generate
- 31 annual occupation tax revenue in excess of the applicable amount listed

- 1 in subsection (2) of this section, pursuant to section 14-109, 15-202,
- 2 15-203, 16-205, or 17-525 if the question of whether to impose the tax or
- 3 increase the rate of an existing occupation tax has been submitted at an
- 4 election held within the municipality and in which all registered voters
- 5 shall be entitled to vote on the question. The officials of the
- 6 municipality shall order the submission of the question by submitting a
- 7 certified copy of the resolution proposing the tax or tax rate increase
- 8 to the election commissioner or county clerk at least fifty days before
- 9 the election. The election shall be conducted in accordance with the
- 10 Election Act. If a majority of the votes cast upon the question are in
- 11 favor of the new tax or increased rate of an existing occupation tax,
- 12 then the governing body of such municipality shall be empowered to impose
- 13 the new tax or to impose the increased tax rate. If a majority of those
- 14 voting on the question are opposed to the new tax or increased rate, then
- 15 the governing body of the municipality shall not impose the new tax or
- 16 increased rate but shall maintain any existing occupation tax at its
- 17 current rate.
- 18 (2) The applicable amount of annual revenue for each new occupation
- 19 tax or annual revenue raised by the increased rate for an existing
- 20 occupation tax for purposes of subsection (1) of this section is:
- 21 (a) For cities of the metropolitan class, six million dollars;
- 22 (b) For cities of the primary class, three million dollars;
- 23 (c) For cities of the first class, seven hundred thousand dollars;
- 24 and
- 25 (d) For cities of the second class and villages, three hundred
- 26 thousand dollars.
- 27 (3) After July 19, 2012, a municipality shall not be required to
- 28 submit the following questions to the registered voters:
- 29 (a) Whether to change the rate of an occupation tax imposed for a
- 30 specific project which does not provide for deposit of the tax proceeds
- 31 in the municipality's general fund; or

1 (b) Whether to terminate an occupation tax earlier than the

- 2 determinable termination date under the original question submitted to
- 3 the registered voters.
- 4 This subsection applies to occupation taxes imposed prior to, on, or
- 5 after July 19, 2012.
- 6 (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to an occupation tax
- 7 subject to section 86-704.
- 8 (5) No later than ninety days after the end of the fiscal year, each
- 9 municipality that imposes a new occupation tax or increases the rate of
- 10 an existing any occupation tax on or after the effective date of this act
- 11 as provided under this section shall provide an annual report on the
- 12 collection and use of such occupation tax. The report shall be posted on
- 13 the municipality's public website or made available for public inspection
- 14 at a location designated by the municipality. The report shall include,
- 15 but not be limited to:
- 16 (1) (a) A list of all such occupation taxes collected by the
- 17 municipality;
- 18 (2) (b) The amount generated annually by each such occupation tax;
- 19 (3) (c) Whether funds generated by each such occupation tax are
- 20 deposited in the general fund, cash funds, or other funds of the
- 21 municipality;
- 22 (4) (d) Whether any such occupation tax is dedicated for a specific
- 23 purpose, and if so, the amount dedicated for such purpose; and
- 24 <u>(5) (e)</u> The scheduled or projected termination date, if any, of each
- 25 such occupation tax.
- 26 Sec. 19. Section 29-3933, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 27 amended to read:
- 28 29-3933 (1) Any county which intends to request reimbursement for a
- 29 portion of its expenditures for its indigent defense system must comply
- 30 with this section.
- 31 (2) In order to assist the Commission on Public Advocacy in its

- 1 budgeting process for determining future reimbursement amounts, after July 1, 2002, and before July 15, 2002, and for each year thereafter in 2 which the county intends to seek reimbursement for a portion of its 3 expenditures for indigent defense services in felony cases for the next 4 5 fiscal year, the county shall present to the Commission on Public Advocacy (a) a plan, in a format approved by the commission, describing 6 how the county intends to provide indigent defense services in felony 7 cases, (b) a statement of intent declaring that the county intends to 8 9 comply with the standards set by the commission for felony cases and that the county intends to apply for reimbursement, and (c) a projection of 10 the total dollar amount of expenditures for that county's indigent 11 defense services in felony cases for the next fiscal year.
- 13 (3) The commission may conduct whatever investigation is necessary and may require certifications by key individuals in the criminal justice 14 system, in order to determine if the county is in compliance with the 15 16 standards. If a county is certified by the commission as having met the standards established by the commission for felony cases, the county 17 shall be eligible for reimbursement according to the following schedule 18 and procedures: The county clerk of the county seeking reimbursement may 19 submit, on a quarterly basis, a certified request to the commission, for 20 reimbursement from funds appropriated by the Legislature, for an amount 21 equal to one-fourth of the county's actual expenditures for indigent 22 defense services in felony cases. 23
- 24 (4) Upon certification by the county clerk of the amount of the expenditures, and a determination by the commission that the request is 25 in compliance with the standards set by the commission for felony cases, 26 the commission shall quarterly authorize an amount of reimbursement to 27 28 the county as set forth in this section.
- 29 (5) If the appropriated funds are insufficient in any quarter to meet the amount needed for full payment of all county reimbursements for 30 31 net expenditures that are certified for that quarter, the commission

- 1 shall pay the counties their pro rata share of the remaining funds based
- 2 upon the percentage of the county's certified request in comparison to
- 3 the total certified requests for that quarter.
- 4 (6) For purposes of section 13-519, for any year in which a county
- 5 first seeks reimbursement from funds appropriated by the Legislature or
- 6 has previously qualified for reimbursement and is seeking additional
- 7 reimbursement for improving its indigent criminal defense program, the
- 8 last prior year's total of restricted funds shall be the last prior
- 9 year's total of restricted funds plus any increased amount budgeted for
- 10 indigent defense services that is required to develop a plan and meet the
- 11 standards necessary to qualify for reimbursement of expenses from funds
- 12 appropriated by the Legislature. This subsection applies to fiscal years
- 13 beginning prior to July 1, 2025.
- 14 Sec. 20. Section 72-2305, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 15 amended to read:
- 16 72-2305 For joint projects described in subdivision (2)(a) of
- 17 section 72-2303, the principal amount of bonds which may be issued by a
- 18 qualified public agency under the Public Facilities Construction and
- 19 Finance Act shall not exceed five million dollars as to the total
- 20 principal amount of such bonds which may be outstanding at any time, and
- 21 the annual amounts due by reason of such bonds from each qualified public
- 22 agency shall not exceed five percent of the total revenue from all
- 23 sources restricted funds of the obligated qualified public agency in the
- 24 year prior to issuance. The principal amount of bonds of qualified public
- 25 agencies in the aggregate issued for any one such joint project shall not
- 26 exceed five million dollars.
- 27 Sec. 21. Section 72-2306, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 28 amended to read:
- 29 72-2306 For joint projects described in subdivision (2)(b) of
- 30 section 72-2303, the principal amount of bonds which may be issued by a
- 31 qualified public agency under the Public Facilities Construction and

- Finance Act shall not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars for 1 cities of the metropolitan and primary classes, one hundred thousand 2 dollars for counties, cities of the first class, school districts, 3 4 educational service units, and community colleges, and fifty thousand 5 dollars for cities of the second class and villages, as to the total principal amount of such bonds which may be outstanding at any time, and 6 7 the annual amounts due by reason of such bonds from each qualified public agency shall not exceed five percent of the total revenue from all 8 9 sources restricted funds of the obligated qualified public agency in the year prior to issuance. The principal amount of bonds of a qualified 10 public agency in the aggregate issued for any one such joint project 11 shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for cities of the 12 metropolitan and primary classes and one hundred thousand dollars for 13 counties, cities of the first class, cities of the second class, 14 villages, school districts, educational service units, and community 15 colleges. 16
- 17 Sec. 22. Section 77-1315, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:
- 19 77-1315 (1) The county assessor shall, after March 19 and on or 20 before June 1, implement adjustments to the real property assessment roll 21 for actions of the Tax Equalization and Review Commission, except 22 beginning January 1, 2014, in any county with a population of at least 23 one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants according to the most recent 24 federal decennial census, the adjustments shall be implemented after 25 March 25 and on or before June 1.
- (2)(a) (2) On or before June 1, in addition to the notice of preliminary valuation sent pursuant to section 77-1301, the county assessor shall notify the owner of record as of May 20 of every item of real property which is not exempt from taxation of the assessed value of such property has been assessed at a value different than in the previous year. Such notice shall be given by first-class mail addressed to such

- 1 owner's last-known address.
- 2 (b) The notice It shall identify the item of real property and shall
- 3 <u>display columns for the prior tax year and the current tax year. Under</u>
- 4 the column for the prior tax year, the notice shall display the valuation
- 5 of the parcel in the prior tax year and the amount each political
- 6 subdivision levied against such parcel in the prior tax year. Under the
- 7 column for the current tax year, the notice shall display the valuation
- 8 of the parcel in the current tax year and the time and place when each
- 9 political subdivision levying a tax against the parcel will convene their
- 10 <u>budget hearing.</u>
- 11 (c) The notice shall state the following, in a font size larger than
- 12 <u>any other font size appearing on the notice: KNOW YOUR RIGHTS. If you</u>
- 13 <u>believe the valuation of the parcel described in this notice to be in</u>
- 14 error, you may file a protest of this valuation with the county clerk on
- 15 or before June 30, and your protest shall be heard and decided by the
- 16 <u>county board of equalization. If you are concerned about the effect your</u>
- 17 <u>valuation may have on how much tax will be levied against your parcel,</u>
- 18 you are encouraged to attend any and all of the budget hearings for the
- 19 above listed political subdivisions. Please be advised that the same levy
- 20 rate from the prior year applied to an increased valuation in the current
- 21 year will result in a higher levy of taxes. A levy rate higher than the
- 22 prior year applied to the same valuation in the current year will also
- 23 result in a higher levy of taxes.
- 24 (d) The notice shall also state state the old and new valuation, the
- 25 date of convening of the county board of equalization, and the dates for
- 26 filing a protest.
- 27 (e) The notice shall also state the following: The time and place of
- 28 the budget hearings have been reported to the county assessor by the
- 29 political subdivisions. Such time and place can change based on
- 30 unforeseen circumstances. You are encouraged to verify with the political
- 31 subdivision that the time and place of the budget hearing has not

- 1 changed.
- 2 (3) Immediately upon completion of the assessment roll, the county
- 3 assessor shall cause to be published in a newspaper of general
- 4 circulation in the county a certification that the assessment roll is
- 5 complete and notices of valuation changes have been mailed and provide
- 6 the final date for filing valuation protests with the county board of
- 7 equalization.
- 8 (4) The county assessor shall annually, on or before June 6, post in
- 9 his or her office and, as designated by the county board, mail to a
- 10 newspaper of general circulation and to licensed broadcast media in the
- 11 county the assessment ratios as found in his or her county as determined
- 12 by the Tax Equalization and Review Commission and any other statistical
- 13 measures, including, but not limited to, the assessment-to-sales ratio,
- 14 the coefficient of dispersion, and the price-related differential.
- 15 (5) On or before May 15, each political subdivision levying a tax
- 16 <u>against property shall inform the county assessor of every county in</u>
- 17 which the political subdivision has the authority to levy a tax against
- 18 property of the time and place such political subdivision's budget
- 19 hearing will convene.
- 20 Sec. 23. Section 77-1630, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 21 2022, is amended to read:
- 22 77-1630 <u>(1)</u> Sections 77-1630 to 77-1634 shall be known and may be
- 23 cited as the Property Tax Request Act.
- 24 (2) The Property Tax Request Act terminates on July 1, 2025.
- 25 Sec. 24. Section 77-1701, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023, is
- 26 amended to read:
- 27 77-1701 (1) The county treasurer shall be ex officio county
- 28 collector of all taxes levied within the county. The county board shall
- 29 designate a county official to mail or otherwise deliver a statement of
- 30 the amount of taxes due and a notice that special assessments are due, to
- 31 the last-known address of the person, firm, association, or corporation

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against whom such taxes or special assessments are assessed or to the 1 2 lending institution or other party responsible for paying such taxes or 3 special assessments. Such statement shall clearly indicate, for each 4 political subdivision, (a) the levy rate and the amount of taxes due as 5 the result of principal or interest payments on bonds issued by the political subdivision and shall show such rate and amount separate from 6 7 any other levy and (b) the percentage of the levy allocated to public safety expenses pursuant to subdivision (6) of section 4 of this act. 8 9 When taxes on real property are delinquent for a prior year, the county treasurer shall indicate this information on the current year tax 10 statement in bold letters. The information provided shall inform the 11 taxpayer that delinquent taxes and interest are due for the prior year or 12 years and shall indicate the specific year or years for which such taxes 13 14 and interest remain unpaid. The language shall read "Back Taxes and Interest Due For", followed by numbers to indicate each year for which 15 16 back taxes and interest are due and a statement indicating that failure to pay the back taxes and interest may result in the loss of the real 17 property. Failure to receive such statement or notice shall not relieve 18 19 the taxpayer from any liability to pay such taxes or special assessments and any interest or penalties accrued thereon. In any county in which a 20 city of the metropolitan class is located, all statements of taxes shall 21 22 also include notice that special assessments for cutting weeds, removing litter, and demolishing buildings are due. 23

- (2) Notice that special assessments are due shall not be required for special assessments levied by sanitary and improvement districts organized under Chapter 31, article 7, except that such notice may be provided by the county at the discretion of the county board or by the sanitary and improvement district with the approval of the county board.
- (3) A statement of the amount of taxes due and a notice that special assessments are due shall not be required to be mailed or otherwise delivered pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the total amount

- 1 of the taxes and special assessments due is less than two dollars.
- 2 Failure to receive the statement or notice shall not relieve the taxpayer
- 3 from any liability to pay the taxes or special assessments but shall
- 4 relieve the taxpayer from any liability for interest or penalties. Taxes
- 5 and special assessments of less than two dollars shall be added to the
- 6 amount of taxes and special assessments due in subsequent years and shall
- 7 not be considered delinquent until the total amount is two dollars or
- 8 more.
- 9 Sec. 25. Section 77-1776, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 10 2022, is amended to read:
- 11 77-1776 Any political subdivision which has received proceeds from a
- 12 levy imposed on all taxable property within an entire county which is in
- 13 excess of the property tax request of that requested by the political
- 14 subdivision under the Property Tax Request Act as a result of a clerical
- 15 error or mistake shall, in the fiscal year following receipt, return the
- 16 excess tax collections, net of the collection fee, to the county. By July
- 17 31 of the fiscal year following the receipt of any excess tax
- 18 collections, the county treasurer shall certify to the political
- 19 subdivision the amount to be returned. For fiscal years beginning prior
- 20 to July 1, 2025, such Such excess tax collections shall be restricted
- 21 funds in the budget of the county that receives the funds under section
- 22 13-518.
- 23 Sec. 26. Section 77-27,142, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 24 amended to read:
- 25 77-27,142 (1) Any incorporated municipality other than a city of the
- 26 metropolitan class by ordinance of its governing body is hereby
- 27 authorized to impose a sales and use tax of one-half percent, one
- 28 percent, one and one-half percent, one and three-quarters percent, or two
- 29 percent upon the same transactions that are sourced under the provisions
- 30 of sections 77-2703.01 to 77-2703.04 within such incorporated
- 31 municipality on which the State of Nebraska is authorized to impose a tax

- 1 pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, as amended from time to
- 2 time. Any city of the metropolitan class by ordinance of its governing
- 3 body is hereby authorized to impose a sales and use tax of one-half
- 4 percent, one percent, or one and one-half percent upon the same
- 5 transactions that are sourced under the provisions of sections 77-2703.01
- 6 to 77-2703.04 within such city of the metropolitan class on which the
- 7 State of Nebraska is authorized to impose a tax pursuant to the Nebraska
- 8 Revenue Act of 1967, as amended from time to time. No sales and use tax
- 9 shall be imposed pursuant to this section until an election has been held
- 10 and a majority of the qualified electors have approved such tax pursuant
- 11 to sections 77-27,142.01 and 77-27,142.02.
- 12 (2)(a) Any incorporated municipality that proposes to impose a
- 13 municipal sales and use tax at a rate greater than one and one-half
- 14 percent or increase a municipal sales and use tax to a rate greater than
- 15 one and one-half percent shall submit the question of such tax or
- 16 increase at a primary or general election held within the incorporated
- 17 municipality. The question shall be submitted upon an affirmative vote by
- 18 at least seventy percent of all of the members of the governing body of
- 19 the incorporated municipality.
- 20 (b) Any rate greater than one and one-half percent shall be used as
- 21 follows:
- (i) In a city of the primary class, up to fifteen percent of the
- 23 proceeds from the rate in excess of one and one-half percent may be used
- 24 for non-public infrastructure projects of an interlocal agreement or
- 25 joint public agency agreement with another political subdivision within
- 26 the municipality or the county in which the municipality is located, and
- 27 the remaining proceeds shall be used for public infrastructure projects
- 28 or voter-approved infrastructure related to an economic development
- 29 program as defined in section 18-2705; and
- 30 (ii) In any incorporated municipality other than a city of the
- 31 primary class, the proceeds from the rate in excess of one and one-half

- 1 percent shall be used for public infrastructure projects or voter-
- 2 approved infrastructure related to an economic development program as
- 3 defined in section 18-2705.
- 4 For purposes of this section, public infrastructure project means
- 5 and includes, but is not limited to, any of the following projects, or
- 6 any combination thereof: Public highways and bridges and municipal roads,
- 7 streets, bridges, and sidewalks; solid waste management facilities;
- 8 wastewater, storm water, and water treatment works and systems, water
- 9 distribution facilities, and water resources projects, including, but not
- 10 limited to, pumping stations, transmission lines, and mains and their
- 11 appurtenances; hazardous waste disposal systems; resource recovery
- 12 systems; airports; port facilities; buildings and capital equipment used
- 13 in the operation of municipal government; convention and tourism
- 14 facilities; redevelopment projects as defined in section 18-2103; mass
- 15 transit and other transportation systems, including parking facilities;
- 16 and equipment necessary for the provision of municipal services.
- 17 (c) Any rate greater than one and one-half percent shall terminate
- 18 no more than ten years after its effective date or, if bonds are issued
- 19 and the local option sales and use tax revenue is pledged for payment of
- 20 such bonds, upon payment of such bonds and any refunding bonds, whichever
- 21 date is later, except as provided in subdivision (2)(d) of this section.
- 22 (d) If a portion of the rate greater than one and one-half percent
- 23 is stated in the ballot question as being imposed for the purpose of the
- 24 interlocal agreement or joint public agency agreement described in
- 25 subdivision (2)(b)(i) or subsection (3) of this section, and such portion
- 26 is at least one-eighth percent, there shall be no termination date for
- 27 the rate representing such portion rounded to the next higher one-quarter
- 28 or one-half percent.
- 29 (e) For fiscal years beginning prior to July 1, 2025, sections
- 30 Sections 13-518 to 13-522 apply to the revenue from any such tax or
- 31 increase.

- 1 (3)(a) No municipal sales and use tax shall be imposed at a rate greater than one and one-half percent or increased to a rate greater than 2 one and one-half percent unless the municipality is a party to an 3 interlocal agreement pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act or a 4 joint public agency agreement pursuant to the Joint Public Agency Act 5 with a political subdivision within the municipality or the county in 6 7 which the municipality is located creating a separate legal or administrative entity relating to a public infrastructure project. 8
- 9 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(b)(i) of this section, such interlocal agreement or joint public agency agreement shall contain 10 provisions, including benchmarks, relating to the long-term development 11 of unified governance of public infrastructure projects with respect to 12 the parties. The Legislature may provide additional requirements for such 13 agreements, including benchmarks, but such additional requirements shall 14 not apply to any debt outstanding at the time the Legislature enacts such 15 16 additional requirements. The separate legal or administrative entity created shall not be one that was in existence for one calendar year 17 preceding the submission of the question of such tax or increase at a 18 19 primary or general election held within the incorporated municipality.
- 20 (c) Any other public agency as defined in section 13-803 may be a 21 party to such interlocal cooperation agreement or joint public agency 22 agreement.
- (d) A municipality is not required to use all of the additional revenue generated by a sales and use tax imposed at a rate greater than one and one-half percent or increased to a rate greater than one and one-half percent under this subsection for the purposes of the interlocal cooperation agreement or joint public agency agreement set forth in this subsection.
- (4) The provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not apply to the first one and one-half percent of a sales and use tax imposed by a municipality.

- 1 (5) Notwithstanding any provision of any municipal charter, any incorporated municipality or interlocal agency or joint public agency 2 pursuant to an agreement as provided in subsection (3) of this section 3 may issue bonds in one or more series for any municipal purpose and pay 4 5 the principal of and interest on any such bonds by pledging receipts from the increase in the municipal sales and use taxes authorized by such 6 municipality. Any municipality which has or may issue bonds under this 7 section may dedicate a portion of its property tax levy authority as 8 provided in section 77-3442 to meet debt service obligations under the 9 bonds. For purposes of this subsection, bond means any evidence of 10 indebtedness, including, but not limited to, bonds, notes including notes 11 issued pending long-term financing arrangements, warrants, debentures, 12 obligations under a loan agreement or a lease-purchase agreement, or any 13 14 similar instrument or obligation.
- Sec. 27. Section 77-27,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 16 2022, is amended to read:
- 77-27,144 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall collect the tax imposed by
 any incorporated municipality concurrently with collection of a state tax
 in the same manner as the state tax is collected. The Tax Commissioner
 shall remit monthly the proceeds of the tax to the incorporated
 municipalities levying the tax, after deducting the amount of refunds
 made and three percent of the remainder to be credited to the Municipal
 Equalization Fund.
- 24 (2)(a) Deductions for a refund made pursuant to section 77-4105, 77-4106, 77-5725, or 77-5726 and owed by a city of the first class, city 25 of the second class, or village shall be delayed for one year after the 26 refund has been made to the taxpayer. The Department of Revenue shall 27 notify the municipality liable for a refund exceeding one thousand five 28 hundred dollars of the pending refund, the amount of the refund, and the 29 month in which the deduction will be made or begin, except that if the 30 31 amount of a refund claimed under section 77-4105, 77-4106, 77-5725, or

- 1 77-5726 exceeds twenty-five percent of the municipality's total sales and
- 2 use tax receipts, net of any refunds or sales tax collection fees, for
- 3 the municipality's prior fiscal year, the department shall deduct the
- 4 refund over the period of one year in equal monthly amounts beginning
- 5 after the one-year notification period required by this subdivision.
- 6 (b) Deductions for a refund made pursuant to section 77-4105,
- 7 77-4106, 77-5725, or 77-5726 and owed by a city of the metropolitan class
- 8 or city of the primary class shall be made as follows:
- 9 (i) During calendar year 2023, such deductions shall be made in
- 10 accordance with subsection (1) of this section; and
- 11 (ii) During calendar year 2024 and each calendar year thereafter,
- 12 such deductions shall be made based on estimated amounts as described in
- 13 this subdivision. On or before March 1, 2023, and on or before March 1 of
- 14 each year thereafter, the Department of Revenue shall notify each city of
- 15 the metropolitan class and city of the primary class of the total amount
- 16 of such refunds that are estimated to be paid during the following
- 17 calendar year. Such estimated amount shall be used to establish the total
- 18 amount to be deducted in the following calendar year. The department
- 19 shall deduct such amount over the following calendar year in twelve equal
- 20 monthly amounts. Beginning with the notification sent in calendar year
- 21 2025, the notification shall include any adjustment needed for the prior
- 22 calendar year to account for any difference between the estimated amount
- 23 deducted in such prior calendar year and the actual amount of refunds
- 24 paid in such year.
- 25 (3) Deductions for a refund made pursuant to the ImagiNE Nebraska
- 26 Act shall be delayed as provided in this subsection after the refund has
- 27 been made to the taxpayer. The Department of Revenue shall notify each
- 28 municipality liable for a refund exceeding one thousand five hundred
- 29 dollars of the pending refund and the amount of the refund claimed under
- 30 the ImagiNE Nebraska Act. The notification shall be made by March 1 of
- 31 each year beginning in 2021 and shall be used to establish the refund

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amount for the following calendar year. The notification shall include
any excess or underpayment from the prior calendar year. The department
shall deduct the refund over a period of one year in equal monthly
amounts beginning in January following the notification. This subsection
applies to total annual refunds exceeding one million dollars or twentyfive percent of the municipality's total sales and use tax receipts for

- five percent of the municipality's total sales and use tax receipts for the prior fiscal year, whichever is the lesser amount.
- 8 (4) Deductions for a refund made pursuant to the Urban Redevelopment 9 Act shall be delayed as provided in this subsection after the refund has been made to the taxpayer. The Department of Revenue shall notify each 10 municipality liable for a refund exceeding one thousand five hundred 11 dollars of the pending refund and the amount of the refund claimed under 12 13 the Urban Redevelopment Act. The notification shall be made by March 1 of 14 each year beginning in 2022 and shall be used to establish the refund amount for the following calendar year. The notification shall include 15 16 any excess or underpayment from the prior calendar year. The department shall deduct the refund over a period of one year in equal monthly 17 amounts beginning in January following the notification. This subsection 18 19 applies to total annual refunds exceeding one million dollars or twentyfive percent of the municipality's total sales and use tax receipts for 20 the prior fiscal year, whichever is the lesser amount. 21
 - (5) The Tax Commissioner shall keep full and accurate records of all money received and distributed under the provisions of the Local Option Revenue Act. When proceeds of a tax levy are received but the identity of the incorporated municipality which levied the tax is unknown and is not identified within six months after receipt, the amount shall be credited to the Municipal Equalization Fund. The municipality may request the names and addresses of the retailers which have collected the tax as provided in subsection (13) of section 77-2711 and may certify an individual to request and review confidential sales and use tax returns and sales and use tax return information as provided in subsection (14)

- 1 of section 77-2711.
- 2 (6)(a) Every qualifying business that has filed an application to
- 3 receive tax incentives under the Employment and Investment Growth Act,
- 4 the Nebraska Advantage Act, the ImagiNE Nebraska Act, or the Urban
- 5 Redevelopment Act shall, with respect to such acts, provide annually to
- 6 each municipality, in aggregate data, the maximum amount the qualifying
- 7 business is eligible to receive in the current year in refunds of local
- 8 sales and use taxes of the municipality and exemptions for the previous
- 9 year, and the estimate of annual refunds of local sales and use taxes of
- 10 the municipality and exemptions such business intends to claim in each
- 11 future year. Such information shall be kept confidential by the
- 12 municipality unless publicly disclosed previously by the taxpayer or by
- 13 the State of Nebraska.
- 14 (b) For purposes of this subsection, municipality means a
- 15 municipality that has adopted the local option sales and use tax under
- 16 the Local Option Revenue Act and to which the qualifying business has
- 17 paid such sales and use tax.
- 18 (c) The qualifying business shall provide the information to the
- 19 municipality on or before June 30 of each year.
- 20 (d) Any amounts held by a municipality to make sales and use tax
- 21 refunds under the Employment and Investment Growth Act, the Nebraska
- 22 Advantage Act, the ImagiNE Nebraska Act, and the Urban Redevelopment Act
- 23 shall not count toward any budgeted restricted funds limitation as
- 24 provided in section 13-519 or toward any cash reserve limitation as
- 25 provided in section 13-504 and shall be excluded from the limitations of
- 26 <u>the Property Tax Growth Limitation Act</u>.
- 27 Sec. 28. Original sections 13-508, 13-518, 13-2817, 14-109, 15-202,
- 28 15-203, 16-205, 17-525, 29-3933, 72-2305, 72-2306, 77-1315, and
- 29 77-27,142, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; sections 77-1630,
- 30 77-1776, and 77-27,144, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022;
- 31 section 77-1701, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2023; and section 18-1208,

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1 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, as amended by Laws 2024, LB1317,

2 section 55, are repealed.