

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION 235

Introduced by Lathrop, 12.

PURPOSE: The purpose of this interim study is to examine the efficacy of testing and monitoring programs to reduce recidivism for driving under the influence and controlled substance offenses, particularly ignition interlock devices and the 24/7 sobriety program, and to develop recommendations regarding the expansion of such programs throughout the state. The study committee is encouraged to work with the Transportation and Telecommunications Committee of the Legislature to examine the issues involved in this study.

The questions to be addressed by this interim study shall include, but not be limited to:

(1) How ignition interlock devices and 24/7 sobriety programs across the state are being utilized to monitor repeat offenders for driving under the influence;

(2) How ignition interlock devices and a 24/7 sobriety program can work together to reduce recidivism for driving under the influence offenses;

(3) What are the success rates for repeat offenders through ignition interlock devices and 24/7 sobriety monitoring programs in Nebraska and other states;

(4) What are the potential issues and costs associated with expansion of 24/7 sobriety programs across Nebraska and is there any available funding to offset such costs; and

(5) What statutory changes are necessary to implement a statewide 24/7 sobriety program.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MEMBERS OF THE ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA, FIRST SESSION:

1. That the Judiciary Committee of the Legislature shall be designated to

conduct an interim study to carry out the purposes of this resolution.

2. That the committee shall upon the conclusion of its study make a report of its findings, together with its recommendations, to the Legislative Council or Legislature.