## LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED SIXTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 736**

Introduced by Murman, 38; Halloran, 33.

Read first time January 23, 2019

Committee: Government, Military and Veterans Affairs

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to political subdivisions; to amend sections
- 2 18-1208 and 77-27,223, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and
- 3 sections 14-109, 15-203, 16-205, and 17-525, Revised Statutes
- 4 Cumulative Supplement, 2018; to provide restrictions on occupation
- 5 taxes, license fees, and regulation as prescribed; to harmonize
- 6 provisions; and to repeal the original sections.
- 7 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

- Section 1. Section 14-109, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 2 2018, is amended to read:
- 3 14-109 (1)(a) The city council shall have power to tax for revenue,
- 4 license, and regulate any person within the limits of the city by
- 5 ordinance except as otherwise provided in this section. Such tax may
- 6 include both a tax for revenue and license. The city council may raise
- 7 revenue by levying and collecting a tax on any occupation or business
- 8 within the limits of the city except as otherwise provided in this
- 9 <u>section</u>. After March 27, 2014, any occupation tax imposed pursuant to
- 10 this section shall make a reasonable classification of businesses, users
- 11 of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of imposing such tax,
- 12 except that no occupation tax shall be imposed on any transaction which
- 13 is subject to tax under section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140,
- 14 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under
- 15 section 77-2704.24. The occupation tax shall be imposed in the manner
- 16 provided in section 18-1208, except that section 18-1208 does not apply
- 17 to an occupation tax subject to section 86-704. All such taxes shall be
- 18 uniform in respect to the class upon which they are imposed. All
- 19 scientific and literary lectures and entertainments shall be exempt from
- 20 taxation, as well as concerts and all other musical entertainments given
- 21 exclusively by the <u>residents</u> citizens of the city. <u>The</u> It shall be the
- 22 duty of the city clerk shall to deliver to the city treasurer the
- 23 certified copy of the ordinance levying such tax, and the city clerk
- 24 shall append thereto a warrant requiring the city treasurer to collect
- 25 such tax.
- 26 <u>(b) Beginning January 1, 2020:</u>
- 27 <u>(i) No occupation tax or license fee imposed under this subsection</u>
- 28 shall be greater than twenty-five dollars annually;
- 29 (ii) No occupation tax or license fee shall be imposed by a city of
- 30 the metropolitan class on a profession or business that provides goods or
- 31 services unless the profession or business was subject to an occupation

- 1 tax or license fee under this subsection on January 1, 2020; and
- 2 <u>(iii) No licensing requirements shall be imposed by a city of the</u>
- 3 metropolitan class on any profession or business which is subject to
- 4 state licensing requirements.
- (c) (b) For purposes of this subsection, limits of the city does not
- 6 include the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of such city.
- 7 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c) of this
- 8 subsection, the city council shall also have power to require any
- 9 individual whose primary residence or person who owns a place of business
- 10 which is within the limits of the city and that owns and operates a motor
- 11 vehicle within such limits to annually register such motor vehicle in
- 12 such manner as may be provided and to require such person to pay an
- 13 annual motor vehicle fee therefor and to require the payment of such fee
- 14 upon the change of ownership of such vehicle. All such fees which may be
- 15 provided for under this subsection shall be credited to a separate fund
- of the city, thereby created, to be used exclusively for constructing,
- 17 repairing, maintaining, or improving streets, roads, alleys, public ways,
- 18 or parts thereof or for the amortization of bonded indebtedness when
- 19 created for such purposes.
- 20 (b) No motor vehicle fee shall be required under this subsection if
- 21 (i) a vehicle is used or stored but temporarily in such city for a period
- 22 of six months or less in a twelve-month period, (ii) an individual does
- 23 not have a primary residence or a person does not own a place of business
- 24 within the limits of the city and does not own and operate a motor
- 25 vehicle within the limits of the city, or (iii) an individual is a full-
- 26 time student attending a postsecondary institution within the limits of
- 27 the city and the motor vehicle's situs under the Motor Vehicle
- 28 Certificate of Title Act is different from the place at which he or she
- 29 is attending such institution.
- 30 (c) After December 31, 2012, no motor vehicle fee shall be required
- 31 of any individual whose primary residence is or person who owns a place

- 1 of business within the extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of such city.
- 2 (d) For purposes of this subsection, limits of the city includes the
- 3 extraterritorial zoning jurisdiction of such city.
- 4 (3) For purposes of this section, person includes bodies corporate,
- 5 societies, communities, the public generally, individuals, partnerships,
- 6 limited liability companies, joint-stock companies, cooperatives, and
- 7 associations. Person does not include any federal, state, or local
- 8 government or any political subdivision thereof.
- 9 Sec. 2. Section 15-203, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 10 2018, is amended to read:
- 11 15-203 (1) A city of the primary class shall have power to raise
- 12 revenue by levying and collecting a license or occupation tax on any
- 13 person, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, or business
- 14 within the limits of the city and regulate the same by ordinance except
- 15 as otherwise provided in this section and in section 15-212. After March
- 16 27, 2014, any occupation tax imposed pursuant to this section shall make
- 17 a reasonable classification of businesses, users of space, or kinds of
- 18 transactions for purposes of imposing such tax, except that no occupation
- 19 tax shall be imposed on any transaction which is subject to tax under
- 20 section 53-160, 66-489, 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602,
- 21 or 77-4008 or which is exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The
- 22 occupation tax shall be imposed in the manner provided in section
- 23 18-1208, except that section 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax
- 24 subject to section 86-704. All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to
- 25 the class upon which they are imposed.
- 26 <u>(2) Beginning January 1, 2020:</u>
- 27 (a) No occupation tax or license fee imposed under this section
- 28 <u>shall be greater than twenty-five dollars annually;</u>
- 29 <u>(b) No occupation tax or license fee shall be imposed by a city of</u>
- 30 the primary class on a profession or business that provides goods or
- 31 services unless the profession or business was subject to an occupation

- 1 tax or license fee under this section on January 1, 2020; and
- 2 (c) No licensing requirements shall be imposed by a city of the
- 3 primary class on any profession or business which is subject to state
- 4 licensing requirements.
- 5 (3) All scientific and literary lectures and entertainments shall be
- 6 exempt from such taxation as well as concerts and all other musical
- 7 entertainments given exclusively by the residents citizens of the city.
- 8 Sec. 3. Section 16-205, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 9 2018, is amended to read:
- 10 16-205 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a A city
- of the first class may raise revenue by levying and collecting a license
- 12 or occupation tax on any person, partnership, limited liability company,
- 13 corporation, or business within the limits of the city and may regulate
- 14 the same by ordinance. After March 27, 2014, any occupation tax imposed
- 15 pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable classification of
- 16 businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of
- 17 imposing such tax, except that no occupation tax shall be imposed on any
- 18 transaction which is subject to tax under section 53-160, 66-489,
- 19 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is
- 20 exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The occupation tax shall be
- 21 imposed in the manner provided in section 18-1208, except that section
- 22 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax subject to section 86-704.
- 23 All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to the class upon which they
- 24 are imposed.
- 25 <u>(2) Beginning January 1, 2020:</u>
- 26 (a) No occupation tax or license fee imposed under this section
- 27 <u>shall be greater than twenty-five dollars annually;</u>
- 28 (b) No occupation tax or license fee shall be imposed by a city of
- 29 the first class on a profession or business that provides goods or
- 30 <u>services unless the profession or business was subject to an occupation</u>
- 31 tax or license fee under this section on January 1, 2020; and

- 1 (c) No licensing requirements shall be imposed by a city of the
- 2 first class on any profession or business which is subject to state
- 3 <u>licensing requirements.</u>
- 4 (3) All scientific and literary lectures and entertainments shall be
- 5 exempt from such taxation as well as concerts and all other musical
- 6 entertainments given exclusively by the <u>residents</u> citizens of the city.
- 7 Sec. 4. Section 17-525, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
- 8 2018, is amended to read:
- 9 17-525 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, cities
- 10 Cities of the second class and villages shall have power to raise revenue
- 11 by levying and collecting a license tax on any occupation or business
- 12 within the limits of the city or village and regulate such occupation or
- 13 business by ordinance. After March 27, 2014, any occupation tax imposed
- 14 pursuant to this section shall make a reasonable classification of
- 15 businesses, users of space, or kinds of transactions for purposes of
- 16 imposing such tax, except that no occupation tax shall be imposed on any
- 17 transaction which is subject to tax under section 53-160, 66-489,
- 18 66-489.02, 66-4,140, 66-4,145, 66-4,146, 77-2602, or 77-4008 or which is
- 19 exempt from tax under section 77-2704.24. The occupation tax shall be
- 20 imposed in the manner provided in section 18-1208, except that section
- 21 18-1208 does not apply to an occupation tax subject to section 86-704.
- 22 All such taxes shall be uniform in respect to the classes upon which they
- 23 are imposed.
- 24 <u>(2) Beginning January 1, 2020:</u>
- 25 (a) No occupation tax or license fee imposed under this section
- 26 <u>shall be greater than twenty-five dollars annually;</u>
- 27 (b) No occupation tax or license fee shall be imposed by a city of
- 28 the second class or village on a profession or business that provides
- 29 goods or services unless the profession or business was subject to an
- 30 occupation tax or license fee under this section on January 1, 2020; and
- 31 (c) No licensing requirements shall be imposed by a city of the

- 1 second class or village on any profession or business which is subject to
- 2 <u>state licensing requirements.</u>
- 3 (3) All scientific and literary lectures and entertainments shall be
- 4 exempt from such taxation, as well as concerts and other musical
- 5 entertainments given exclusively by the <u>residents</u> of the city or
- 6 village.
- 7 Sec. 5. Section 18-1208, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 8 amended to read:
- 9 18-1208 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section and subject
- 10 to the restrictions of subsection (4) of this section, after July 19,
- 11 2012, a municipality may impose a new occupation tax or increase the rate
- of an existing occupation tax, which new occupation tax or increased rate
- of an existing occupation tax is projected to generate annual occupation
- 14 tax revenue in excess of the applicable amount listed in subsection (2)
- 15 of this section, pursuant to section 14-109, 15-202, 15-203, 16-205, or
- 16 17-525 if the question of whether to impose the tax or increase the rate
- 17 of an existing occupation tax has been submitted at an election held
- 18 within the municipality and in which all registered voters shall be
- 19 entitled to vote on the question. The officials of the municipality shall
- 20 order the submission of the question by submitting a certified copy of
- 21 the resolution proposing the tax or tax rate increase to the election
- 22 commissioner or county clerk at least fifty days before the election. The
- 23 election shall be conducted in accordance with the Election Act. If a
- 24 majority of the votes cast upon the question are in favor of the new tax
- 25 or increased rate of an existing occupation tax, then the governing body
- 26 of such municipality shall be empowered to impose the new tax or to
- 27 impose the increased tax rate. If a majority of those voting on the
- 28 question are opposed to the new tax or increased rate, then the governing
- 29 body of the municipality shall not impose the new tax or increased rate
- 30 but shall maintain any existing occupation tax at its current rate.
- 31 (2) The applicable amount of annual revenue for each new occupation

1 tax or annual revenue raised by the increased rate for an existing

LB736

2019

- 2 occupation tax for purposes of subsection (1) of this section is:
- 3 (a) For cities of the metropolitan class, six million dollars;
- 4 (b) For cities of the primary class, three million dollars;
- 5 (c) For cities of the first class, seven hundred thousand dollars;
- 6 and
- 7 (d) For cities of the second class and villages, three hundred
- 8 thousand dollars.
- 9 (3) After July 19, 2012, a municipality shall not be required to
- 10 submit the following questions to the registered voters:
- 11 (a) Whether to change the rate of an occupation tax imposed for a
- 12 specific project which does not provide for deposit of the tax proceeds
- in the municipality's general fund; or
- 14 (b) Whether to terminate an occupation tax earlier than the
- 15 determinable termination date under the original question submitted to
- 16 the registered voters.
- 17 This subsection applies to occupation taxes imposed prior to, on, or
- 18 after July 19, 2012.
- 19 (4) Beginning January 1, 2020:
- 20 <u>(a) No occupation tax imposed under this section shall be greater</u>
- 21 <u>than twenty-five dollars annually; and</u>
- 22 (b) No occupation tax shall be imposed under this section by a city
- 23 or village on a profession or business that provides goods or services
- 24 unless the profession or business was subject to an occupation tax or
- 25 license fee under this section on January 1, 2020.
- 26 (5) (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to an occupation
- 27 tax subject to section 86-704.
- Sec. 6. Section 77-27,223, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
- 29 amended to read:
- 30 77-27,223 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a A
- 31 county may raise revenue by levying and collecting a license or

- 1 occupation tax on any person, partnership, limited liability company,
- 2 corporation, or business engaged in the sale of admissions to
- 3 recreational, cultural, entertainment, or concert events that are subject
- 4 to sales tax under sections 77-2701.04 to 77-2713 that occur outside any
- 5 incorporated municipality, but within the boundary limits of the county.
- 6 The tax shall be uniform in respect to the class upon which it is
- 7 imposed. The tax shall be based upon a certain percentage of gross
- 8 receipts from sales in the county of the person, partnership, limited
- 9 liability company, corporation, or business, and may include sales of
- 10 other goods and services at such locations and events, not to exceed one
- 11 and one-half percent. A county may not impose the tax on sales that are
- 12 within an incorporated city or village. No county shall levy and collect
- 13 a license or occupation tax under this section unless approved by a
- 14 majority of those voting on the question at a special, primary, or
- 15 general election.
- 16 (2) Beginning January 1, 2020:
- 17 <u>(a) No license or occupation tax imposed under this section shall be</u>
- 18 greater than twenty-five dollars annually;
- 19 <u>(b) No license or occupation tax shall be imposed on a profession or</u>
- 20 <u>business that sells goods or services unless the profession or business</u>
- 21 was subject to a license or occupation tax under this section on January
- 22 <u>1, 2020; and</u>
- 23 (c) No licensing requirements shall be imposed under this section on
- 24 any profession or business which is subject to state licensing
- 25 <u>requirements.</u>
- Sec. 7. Original sections 18-1208 and 77-27,223, Reissue Revised
- 27 Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 14-109, 15-203, 16-205, and 17-525,
- 28 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2018, are repealed.