AMENDMENTS TO LB 1048

(Amendments to E & R amendments, ER8211)

Introduced by Langemeier, 23.

- 1 1. Strike sections 1 through 17 and all amendments
- 2 thereto and insert the following new sections:
- 3 Section 1. Section 13-518, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 4 2009, is amended to read:
- 5 13-518 For purposes of sections 13-518 to 13-522:
- 6 (1) Allowable growth means (a) for governmental units
- 7 other than community colleges, the percentage increase in taxable
- 8 valuation in excess of the base limitation established under
- 9 section 77-3446, if any, due to improvements to real property as
- 10 a result of new construction, additions to existing buildings,
- 11 any improvements to real property which increase the value of
- 12 such property, and any increase in valuation due to annexation
- 13 and any personal property valuation over the prior year and (b)
- 14 for community colleges, (i) for fiscal years prior to fiscal year
- 15 2003-04 and after fiscal year 2004-05 until fiscal year 2007-08,
- 16 the percentage increase in excess of the base limitation, if
- 17 any, in full-time equivalent students from the second year to
- 18 the first year preceding the year for which the budget is being
- 19 determined, (ii) for fiscal year 2003-04 and fiscal year 2004-05,
- 20 the percentage increase in full-time equivalent students from the
- 21 second year to the first year preceding the year for which the
- 22 budget is being determined, and (iii) for fiscal year 2007-08 and

1 each fiscal year thereafter, community college areas may exceed the

- 2 base limitation to equal base revenue need calculated pursuant to
- 3 section 85-2223;
- 4 (2) Capital improvements means (a) acquisition of real
- 5 property or (b) acquisition, construction, or extension of any
- 6 improvements on real property;
- 7 (3) Governing body has the same meaning as in section
- 8 13-503;
- 9 (4) Governmental unit means every political subdivision
- 10 which has authority to levy a property tax or authority to
- 11 request levy authority under section 77-3443 except sanitary and
- 12 improvement districts which have been in existence for five years
- 13 or less and school districts;
- 14 (5) Qualified sinking fund means a fund or funds
- 15 maintained separately from the general fund to pay for acquisition
- 16 or replacement of tangible personal property with a useful life of
- 17 five years or more which is to be undertaken in the future but
- 18 is to be paid for in part or in total in advance using periodic
- 19 payments into the fund. The term includes sinking funds under
- 20 subdivision (13) of section 35-508 for firefighting and rescue
- 21 equipment or apparatus;
- 22 (6) Restricted funds means (a) property tax, excluding
- 23 any amounts refunded to taxpayers, (b) payments in lieu of property
- 24 taxes, (c) local option sales taxes, (d) motor vehicle taxes, (e)
- 25 state aid, (f) transfers of surpluses from any user fee, permit
- 26 fee, or regulatory fee if the fee surplus is transferred to fund
- 27 a service or function not directly related to the fee and the

1 costs of the activity funded from the fee, (g) any funds excluded

- 2 from restricted funds for the prior year because they were budgeted
- 3 for capital improvements but which were not spent and are not
- 4 expected to be spent for capital improvements, (h) the tax provided
- 5 in sections 77-27,223 to 77-27,227 beginning in the second fiscal
- 6 year in which the county will receive a full year of receipts,
- 7 and (i) any excess tax collections returned to the county under
- 8 section 77-1776. Funds received pursuant to the nameplate capacity
- 9 tax levied under section 14 of this act for the first five years
- 10 after a wind energy generation facility has been commissioned are
- 11 <u>nonrestricted funds</u>; and
- 12 (7) State aid means:
- 13 (a) For all governmental units, state aid paid pursuant
- 14 to sections 60-3,202 and 77-3523;
- 15 (b) For municipalities, state aid to municipalities
- 16 paid pursuant to sections 18-2605, 39-2501 to 39-2520, 60-3,190,
- 17 77-27,136, and 77-27,139.04 and insurance premium tax paid to
- 18 municipalities;
- 19 (c) For counties, (i) until July 1, 2011, state aid to
- 20 counties paid pursuant to sections 39-2501 to 39-2520, 47-119.01,
- 21 60-3,184 to 60-3,190, 77-27,136, and 77-3618, insurance premium
- 22 tax paid to counties, and reimbursements to counties from funds
- 23 appropriated pursuant to section 29-3933, and (ii) beginning on
- 24 July 1, 2011, state aid to counties paid pursuant to sections
- 25 39-2501 to 39-2520, 60-3,184 to 60-3,190, and 77-27,137.03,
- 26 insurance premium tax paid to counties, and reimbursements to
- 27 counties from funds appropriated pursuant to section 29-3933;

1 (d) For community colleges, state aid to community

- 2 colleges paid under the Community College Foundation and
- 3 Equalization Aid Act;
- 4 (e) For natural resources districts, state aid to natural
- 5 resources districts paid pursuant to section 77-27,136;
- 6 (f) For educational service units, state aid appropriated
- 7 under sections 79-1241.01 to 79-1241.03; and
- 8 (g) For local public health departments as defined in
- 9 section 71-1626, state aid as distributed under section 71-1628.08.
- 10 Sec. 2. Section 70-1001, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 11 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 12 70-1001 In order to provide the citizens of the state
- 13 with adequate electric service at as low overall cost as possible,
- 14 consistent with sound business practices, it is the policy of
- 15 this state to avoid and eliminate conflict and competition between
- 16 public power districts, public power and irrigation districts,
- 17 individual municipalities, registered groups of municipalities,
- 18 electric membership associations, and cooperatives in furnishing
- 19 electric energy to retail and wholesale customers, to avoid and
- 20 eliminate the duplication of facilities and resources which result
- 21 therefrom, and to facilitate the settlement of rate disputes
- 22 between suppliers of electricity.
- 23 It is also the policy of the state to prepare for an
- 24 evolving retail electricity market if certain conditions are met
- 25 which indicate that retail competition is in the best interests of
- 26 the citizens of the state. The determination on the timing and form
- 27 of competitive markets is a matter properly left to the states as

1 each state must evaluate the costs and benefits of a competitive

- 2 retail market based on its own unique conditions. Consequently,
- 3 there is a need for the State of Nebraska state to monitor whether
- 4 the conditions necessary for its citizens to benefit from retail
- 5 competition exist.
- 6 It is also the policy of the state to encourage and
- 7 allow opportunities for private developers to develop, own, and
- 8 operate renewable energy facilities intended primarily for export
- 9 from the state under a statutory framework which protects the
- 10 ratepayers of consumer-owned utility systems operating in the state
- 11 from subsidizing the costs of such export facilities through their
- 12 rates.
- 13 Sec. 3. Section 70-1001.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 14 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 15 70-1001.01 For purposes of sections 70-1001 to 70-1027
- 16 and section 6 of this act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 17 (1) Board means the Nebraska Power Review Board;
- 18 (2) Certified renewable export facility means a facility
- 19 approved under section 6 of this act that (a) will generate
- 20 electricity using solar, wind, biomass, or landfill gas, (b) will
- 21 be constructed and owned by an entity other than a municipality,
- 22 a registered group of municipalities, a public power district,
- 23 a public power and irrigation district, an electric cooperative,
- 24 an electric membership association, or any other governmental
- 25 entity, and (c) has a power purchase or similar agreement or
- 26 agreements with an initial term of ten years or more for the
- 27 sale of at least ninety percent of the output of the facility

- 1 <u>with a customer or customers located outside the State of Nebraska</u>
- 2 and maintains such an agreement or agreements for the life of
- 3 the facility. Output sold pursuant to subdivision (2)(a)(iv) of
- 4 section 6 of this act shall not be included when calculating
- 5 such ninety percent. Certified renewable export facility includes
- 6 all generating equipment, easements, and interconnection equipment
- 7 within the facility and connecting the facility to the transmission
- 8 grid;
- 9 (2) (3) Electric suppliers or suppliers of electricity
- 10 means any legal entity supplying, producing, or distributing
- 11 electricity within the state for sale at wholesale or retail;
- 12 (3) (4) Regional transmission organization means an
- 13 entity independent from those entities generating or marketing
- 14 electricity at wholesale or retail, which has operational control
- 15 over the electric transmission lines in a designated geographic
- 16 area in order to reduce constraints in the flow of electricity and
- 17 ensure that all power suppliers have open access to transmission
- 18 lines for the transmission of electricity;
- 19 (4) (5) Representative organization means an organization
- 20 designated by the board and organized for the purpose of
- 21 providing joint planning and encouraging maximum cooperation and
- 22 coordination among electric suppliers. Such organization shall
- 23 represent electric suppliers owning a combined electric generation
- 24 plant capacity of at least ninety percent of the total electric
- 25 generation plant capacity constructed and in operation within the
- 26 state;
- 27 (5) (6) State means the State of Nebraska; and

1 (7) Stranded asset means a generation or transmission 2 facility owned by an electric supplier as defined in subsection (1) 3 of section 6 of this act which cannot earn a favorable economic 4 return due to regulatory or legislative actions or changes in the 5 market and, at the time an application is filed with the board 6 under such section, either exists or has been approved by the board 7 or the governing body of an electric supplier as defined in such 8 subsection; and 9 (8) Unbundled retail rates means the separation of 10 utility bills into the individual price components for which an 11 electric supplier charges its retail customers, including, but not 12 limited to, the separate charges for the generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity. 13 14 Sec. 4. Section 70-1013, Reissue Revised Statutes of 15 Nebraska, is amended to read: 16 70-1013 Upon application being filed under section 17 70-1012, the board shall fix a time and place for hearing and shall 18 give ten days' notice by mail to such alternate power suppliers 19 as it deems to be affected by the application. The hearing shall be had held within thirty sixty days unless for good cause shown, 20 21 the applicant shall request requests in writing that such hearing 22 not be scheduled until a later time, but in any event such hearing 23 shall be held not be more than ninety one hundred twenty days 24 from the filing of the application, and the board shall give its 25 decision within thirty sixty days after the conclusion of the

hearing. Any parties interested may appear, file objections, and

offer evidence. The + Provided, the board may grant the application

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1 without notice or hearing, upon the filing of such waivers as it

- 2 may require, if in its judgment the finding required by section
- 3 70-1014 can be made without a hearing. Such hearing shall be
- 4 conducted as provided in section 70-1006. The board may allow
- 5 amendments to the application, in the interests of justice.
- 6 Sec. 5. Section 70-1014, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 7 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 8 70-1014 After hearing, the board shall have authority
- 9 to approve or deny the application. Except as provided in
- 10 section 70-1014.01 for special generation applications and except
- 11 as provided in section 6 of this act, before approval of an
- 12 application, the board shall find that the application will serve
- 13 the public convenience and necessity, and that the applicant
- 14 can most economically and feasibly supply the electric service
- 15 resulting from the proposed construction or acquisition, without
- 16 unnecessary duplication of facilities or operations.
- 17 Sec. 6. (1) For purposes of this section, electric
- 18 supplier means a public power district, a public power and
- 19 irrigation district, an individual municipality, a registered
- 20 group of municipalities, an electric membership association, or
- 21 a cooperative.
- 22 (2) (a) The board shall conditionally approve an
- 23 application for a certified renewable export facility if it
- 24 finds that only the criteria described in subdivisions (a)(i)
- 25 through (iv) of this subsection are met: (i) The facility will
- 26 provide reasonably identifiable and quantifiable public benefits,
- 27 including economic development, to the residents of Nebraska or the

1 local area where the facility will be located; (ii) the facility 2 meets the requirements of subdivisions (2)(a) and (b) of section 3 70-1001.01; (iii) the facility has a memorandum of understanding 4 or other written evidence of mutual intent to negotiate a power 5 purchase agreement or agreements with a purchaser or purchasers 6 outside the State of Nebraska for at least ninety percent of 7 the output of the facility for ten years or more; and (iv) 8 the applicant offers electric suppliers serving loads greater 9 than fifty megawatts at the time the initial application is 10 filed an option to purchase in the aggregate an amount of power 11 up to ten percent of the output of any facility with greater 12 than eighty megawatts of nameplate capacity contingent upon the 13 applicant and electric suppliers negotiating in good faith a 14 power purchase agreement and any other necessary agreements. Such 15 electric suppliers shall be entitled to a minimum of their pro 16 rata share based on the load ratio share of Nebraska electric 17 load served among those electric suppliers eligible under this 18 subdivision (iv). If an electric supplier declines to contract 19 for some or all of its pro rata share, the remaining eligible electric suppliers may share the balance on a pro rata basis. 20 21 The ten percent may be above the total generation amount proposed 22 in the application for a certified renewable export facility and 23 shall require no separate approval by the board. Any transmission 24 studies, additions, or upgrades due to participation by electric 25 suppliers serving loads greater than fifty megawatts shall be 26 the responsibility of the participating electric supplier. Upon 27 receiving the initial application under this section, the board

1 shall notify electric suppliers identified in this subdivision

- 2 (iv) of a pending application with a nameplate capacity greater
- 3 than eighty megawatts. Such suppliers shall have forty-five days
- 4 following the date of the board's notice to notify the applicant of
- 5 an interest in exercising the option to purchase power, except that
- 6 such suppliers may withdraw their option to purchase power once the
- 7 costs of the transmission additions and upgrades are determined.
- 8 Electric suppliers withdrawing their option to purchase power
- 9 are responsible for their pro rata share of any costs resulting
- 10 from their participation in and withdrawal from the generation
- 11 interconnection and transmission delivery studies.
- 12 (b) Following the board's conditional approval of an
- 13 application under subdivision (a) of this subsection, the applicant
- 14 shall notify the board within eighteen months that it is prepared
- 15 to proceed to consideration of the criteria in subdivision (c) of
- 16 this subsection. The board may extend such eighteen-month deadline
- 17 not more than twelve additional months for good cause shown. If the
- 18 applicant fails to notify the board within such time that it is so
- 19 prepared, the conditional approval granted under this subdivision
- 20 is void.
- 21 (c) Upon finding that the criteria described in
- 22 subdivisions (c)(i) through (viii) of this subsection have also
- 23 been met by the applicant and after the board has fulfilled the
- 24 requirements of subsection (3) of section 37-807, the board shall
- 25 grant final approval of an application for a certified renewable
- 26 export facility:
- 27 (i) The facility will not have a materially detrimental

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1 effect on the retail electric rates paid by any Nebraska 2 ratepayers, except that, notwithstanding subdivisions (c) (v) and 3 (vi) of this subsection, the determination of a materially 4 detrimental effect on rates shall not include regional transmission 5 improvements dictated by a regional transmission operator or 6 transmission improvements required due to participation by an 7 eligible entity pursuant to subdivision (2)(a)(iv) of this section; 8 (ii) The applicant has obtained the necessary generation 9 interconnection and transmission service approvals from and 10 has executed agreements for such generation interconnection and 11 transmission service with the appropriate regional transmission 12 organization, transmission owner, or transmission provider; 13 (iii) There has been no demonstration that the proposed 14 facility will result in a substantial risk of creating stranded 15 assets; 16 (iv) The applicant has certified that it has applied for 17 and is actively pursuing the required approvals from any other 18 federal, state, or local entities with jurisdiction or permitting 19 authority over the certified renewable export facility; 20 (v) The applicant and the electric supplier owning the 21 transmission facilities to which the certified renewable export 22 facility will be interconnected, along with any electric supplier 23 which owns transmission facilities of one hundred fifteen thousand volts or more and is required to receive notice pursuant to 24 25 section 70-1013, have entered into a joint transmission development 26 agreement on reasonable terms and conditions consistent with 27 and subject to the notice to construct or other directives of

1 any regional transmission organization with jurisdiction over 2 the addition or upgrade to transmission facilities or, for any 3 electric supplier that is not a member of a regional transmission 4 organization with which the facility will interconnect, covers 5 the addition or upgrade to transmission facilities required 6 as a result of the certified renewable export facility. Such 7 joint transmission development agreement shall include provisions 8 addressing construction, ownership, operation, and maintenance of 9 such additions or upgrades to transmission facilities. The electric 10 supplier or suppliers shall have the right to purchase and own 11 transmission facilities as set forth in the joint transmission 12 development agreement; 13 (vi) The applicant agrees to reimburse any costs that are 14 not covered by a regional transmission organization tariff or that 15 are allocated through the tariff to the electric suppliers as a 16 result of the certified renewable export facility or not covered 17 by the tariff of a transmission owner or transmission provider 18 that is not a member of a regional transmission organization, 19 costs incurred by any electric supplier as a result of adding the certified renewable export facility, including, but not limited 20 21 to, renewable integration costs, and costs which allow the 22 interconnected electric supplier to operate and maintain the 23 transmission facilities under reasonable terms and conditions agreed to by the parties within the joint transmission development 24 25 agreement; (vii) The applicant shall submit a decommissioning 26 27 plan. The applicant or owner of the facility shall establish AM2413 LB1048 MHF-03/30/2010 AM2413 LB1048 MHF-03/30/2010

1 decommissioning security by posting an instrument, a copy of which 2 is given to the board, no later than the tenth year following 3 final approval of the facility to ensure sufficient funding is 4 available for removal of the facility and reclamation at the end of 5 the useful life of such facility pursuant to the decommissioning 6 plan. The owner of the certified renewable export facility shall 7 be solely responsible for decommissioning. If the applicant or any 8 subsequent owner of the facility intends to transfer ownership of 9 the facility, the proposed new owner shall provide the board with 10 adequate evidence demonstrating that substitute decommissioning 11 security has been posted or given prior to transfer of ownership. 12 The requirements of this subdivision (vii) shall be waived if a 13 local governmental entity with authority to create requirements for 14 decommissioning has enacted decommissioning requirements for the 15 applicable jurisdiction; and 16 facility meets (viii) The the requirements of 17 subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of section 70-1001.01. 18 (3) If the applicant does not commence construction of the certified renewable export facility within eighteen months 19 20 after receiving final approval from the board under subsection (2) 21 of this section, the approval is void. Upon written request filed 22 by the applicant, the board may, for good cause shown, extend the 23 time period during which an approval will remain valid. Good cause includes, but is not limited to, national or regional economic 24 25 conditions, lack of transmission infrastructure, or an applicant's 26 inability to obtain authorization from other required governmental 27 regulatory authorities despite the applicant's exercise of a

1 good-faith effort to obtain such approvals.

2 (4) The applicant shall remit an application fee of five 3 thousand dollars with the application. The fee shall be remitted 4 to the State Treasurer for credit to the Nebraska Power Review 5 Fund. The board shall use the application fee to defray the board's 6 reasonable expenses associated with reviewing and acting upon the 7 application, including the costs of the hearing. If the board 8 incurs expenses of more than five thousand dollars associated with 9 the application, the board shall provide written notification to 10 the applicant of the additional sum needed or already expended, 11 after which the applicant shall promptly submit an additional sum sufficient to cover the board's anticipated or incurred expenses 12 13 or shall file an objection with the board. If, after completion of 14 the application process and any subsequent legal action, including 15 appeal of the board's decision, the board's expenses associated 16 with processing and acting upon the application do not equal the 17 amount submitted by the applicant, the board shall return the unused funds to the applicant if the amount is fifty dollars or 18 19 more. The applicant shall reimburse the board for any reasonable 20 expenses the board incurs as a result of an appeal of the board's 21 decision or shall file an objection with the board. The board shall 22 rule on any objection brought pursuant to this subsection within 23 thirty days. The applicant may request a hearing on its objection, 24 in which case the board shall hold such hearing within thirty days 25 after the request and shall rule within forty-five days after the 26 hearing.

(5) No facility or part of a facility which is a

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1 certified renewable export facility is subject to eminent domain by

- 2 an electric supplier or by any other entity if the purpose of the
- 3 eminent domain proceeding is to acquire the facility for electric
- 4 generation or transmission.
- 5 (6) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section,
- 6 only an electric supplier may exercise its eminent domain authority
- 7 to acquire the land rights necessary for the construction of
- 8 transmission lines and related facilities to provide transmission
- 9 services for a certified renewable export facility. The exercise
- 10 of eminent domain to provide needed transmission lines and related
- 11 <u>facilities for a certified renewable export facility is a public</u>
- 12 use. Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant the power
- of eminent domain to a private entity.
- 14 (7) If any transmission facilities serving a certified
- 15 renewable export facility are proposed to cross the service area
- 16 of any electric supplier which owns transmission facilities of one
- 17 hundred fifteen thousand volts or more and is required to receive
- 18 notice pursuant to section 70-1013, then such electric supplier may
- 19 elect to be a party to a joint transmission development agreement
- 20 for such transmission facilities.
- 21 (8) If a certified renewable export facility no longer
- 22 meets the requirements of subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of
- 23 section 70-1001.01, the owner of the facility shall notify
- 24 the board. An electric supplier or a governmental entity with
- 25 regulatory jurisdiction over the certified renewable export
- 26 <u>facility</u> may apply to the board or the board may file its
- 27 own motion to have the certification of a certified renewable

export facility revoked upon a showing by the applicant for 1 2 decertification that the facility no longer meets the requirements of such subdivisions. Upon the filing of such application 3 4 and making of a prima facie showing by the applicant for 5 decertification that the facility no longer meets the requirements 6 of such subdivisions, the board shall set the matter for hearing. 7 The hearing shall be held within forty-five days unless an 8 extension is necessary for good cause shown. The applicant for 9 decertification shall have the burden of proof. Within forty-five 10 days after the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall enter 11 an order to either reaffirm the facility's status as a certified 12 renewable export facility or to revoke the certification. During 13 the pendency of the application for decertification and before the 14 board's final order on decertification, the facility may continue 15 to operate if the electricity generated at the facility is sold to 16 customers outside the State of Nebraska, or to an electric supplier 17 pursuant to a power purchase agreement or similar agreement. The 18 board shall retain jurisdiction over the decertification action for 19 at least thirty days after entry of such an order. Within thirty 20 days after a final order revoking certification, the owner of the 21 facility may apply for recertification, with the time period for 22 recertification being no longer than one year unless the board 23 extends the time period for good cause shown. Such application 24 for recertification shall extend the board's jurisdiction over the 25 decertification action until the board completes its review of 26 the application for recertification and enters an order granting 27 or denying the application. If the applicant for recertification

demonstrates to the board that it is working diligently and in 1 2 good faith to restore its compliance with subdivisions (2)(a) through (c) of section 70-1001.01, the board shall not terminate 3 4 the application for recertification. During the pendency of the 5 application for recertification and before the board's final order 6 on recertification, the facility may continue to operate if the 7 electricity generated at the facility is sold to customers outside 8 the state, or to an electric supplier pursuant to a power purchase agreement or similar agreement. If the board retains jurisdiction 9 10 over the decertification action, the prohibition on eminent domain 11 set forth in subsection (5) of this section shall remain in full 12 force and effect. If the board enters an order decertifying a 13 certified renewable export facility and such order becomes final 14 due to a failure to timely seek recertification or judicial review, 15 the prohibition on eminent domain set forth in subsection (5) of 16 this section shall no longer apply. Nothing in this section shall 17 prohibit a decertified facility from being recertified in the same 18 manner as a new facility. Sec. 7. Section 70-1014.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of 19 20 Nebraska, is amended to read: 21 70-1014.01 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) 22 of this section, an application by a municipality, a registered group of municipalities, a public power district, a public power 23 and irrigation district, an electric cooperative, an electric 24 25 membership association, or any other governmental entity, for 26 a facility that will generate not more than ten thousand 27 kilowatts of electric energy at rated capacity and will generate AM2413 LB1048 MHF-03/30/2010 AM2413 LB1048 MHF-03/30/2010

electricity using solar, wind, biomass, landfill gas, methane gas, 1 2 or hydropower generation technology or an emerging generation 3 technology, including, but not limited to, fuel cells and 4 micro-turbines, shall be deemed a special generation application. 5 Such application shall be approved by the board if the board finds that (a) the application qualifies as a special generation 6 7 application, (b) the application will provide public benefits 8 sufficient to warrant approval of the application, although it 9 may not constitute the most economically feasible generation 10 option, and (c) the application under consideration represents a 11 separate and distinct project from any previous special generation 12 application the applicant may have filed. (2)(a) An application by a municipality, a registered 13

14 group of municipalities, a public power district, a public power 15 and irrigation district, an electric cooperative, an electric 16 membership association, or any other governmental entity for a 17 facility that will generate more than ten thousand kilowatts of electric energy at rated capacity and will generate electricity 18 19 using renewable energy sources such as solar, wind, biomass, 20 landfill gas, methane gas, or new hydropower generation technology or an emerging technology, including, but not limited to, fuel 21 22 cells and micro-turbines, may be filed with the board if (i) 23 the total production from all such renewable projects, excluding 24 sales from such projects to other electric-generating entities, 25 does not exceed ten percent of total energy sales as shown in 26 the producer's Annual Electric Power Industry Report to the United 27 States Department of Energy and (ii) the applicant's governing body

1 conducts at least one advertised public hearing which affords the

- 2 ratepayers of the applicant a chance to review and comment on the
- 3 subject of the application.
- 4 (b) The application shall be approved by the board if
- 5 the board finds that (i) the applicant is using renewable energy
- 6 sources described in this subsection, (ii) total production from
- 7 all renewable projects of the applicant does not exceed ten percent
- 8 of the producer's total energy sales as described in subdivision
- 9 (2)(a) of this section, and (iii) the applicant's governing body
- 10 has conducted at least one advertised public hearing which affords
- 11 its ratepayers a chance to review and comment on the subject of the
- 12 application.
- 13 (3) A community-based energy development project
- 14 organized pursuant to the Rural Community-Based Energy Development
- 15 Act which intends to develop renewable energy sources for sale to
- 16 one or more Nebraska electric utilities described in this section
- 17 may also make an application to the board pursuant to subsection
- 18 (2) of this section if (a) the purchasing electric utilities
- 19 conduct a public hearing described in such subsection and (b)
- 20 the power and energy from the renewable energy sources is sold
- 21 exclusively to such electric utilities for a term of at least
- 22 twenty years.
- 23 (4) No facility or part of a facility which is approved
- 24 pursuant to this section is subject to eminent domain by any
- 25 electric supplier, or by any other entity if the purpose of the
- 26 eminent domain proceeding is to acquire the facility for electric
- 27 generation or transmission.

Sec. 8. (1) All wind measurement equipment associated

- 2 with the development or study of wind-powered electric generation,
- 3 whether owned or leased, shall be registered with the Department
- 4 of Aeronautics if the equipment is at least fifty feet in height
- 5 above the ground and is located outside the boundaries of any
- 6 incorporated city or village.
- 7 (2) (a) On or before January 1, 2013, all such equipment
- 8 installed prior to the effective date of this act shall be either
- 9 <u>lighted</u>, marked with balls at least twenty-one inches in diameter,
- 10 painted, or modified in some other manner so it is recognizable in
- 11 clear air during daylight hours from a distance of not less than
- 12 two thousand feet.
- 13 (b) All such equipment installed on or after the
- 14 effective date of this act shall be either lighted or painted.
- 15 (3) The person or firm that owns or leases equipment
- 16 described in subsection (1) of this section shall register it
- 17 within fifteen days after the effective date of this act in the
- 18 case of equipment installed before such date or within thirty
- 19 days after installation in the case of equipment installed on or
- 20 after such date. Such registration shall include the equipment's
- 21 exact location and height above the ground, the name of the
- 22 person or firm registering the equipment, the method used to make
- 23 the equipment recognizable as provided in subsection (2) of this
- 24 section, and the name and telephone number of a contact person
- 25 for any issues related to such equipment. Within five days after
- 26 receiving such registration, the department shall make all data
- 27 <u>included in the registration available to the public.</u>

1 (4) Any person or firm that removes equipment subject

- 2 to the registration requirements of this section shall report the
- 3 removal to the department within thirty days after such removal.
- 4 Sec. 9. Section 76-710.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 5 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 6 76-710.04 (1) A condemner may not take property through
- 7 the use of eminent domain under sections 76-704 to 76-724 if the
- 8 taking is primarily for an economic development purpose.
- 9 (2) For purposes of this section, economic development
- 10 purpose means taking property for subsequent use by a commercial
- 11 for-profit enterprise or to increase tax revenue, tax base,
- 12 employment, or general economic conditions.
- 13 (3) This section does not affect the use of eminent
- 14 domain for:
- 15 (a) Public projects or private projects that make all
- 16 or a major portion of the property available for use by the
- 17 general public or for use as a right-of-way, aqueduct, pipeline,
- 18 transmission line, or similar use;
- 19 (b) Removing harmful uses of property if such uses
- 20 constitute an immediate threat to public health and safety;
- 21 (c) Leasing property to a private person who occupies an
- 22 incidental part of public property or a public facility, such as a
- 23 retail establishment on the ground floor of a public building;
- 24 (d) Acquiring abandoned property;
- 25 (e) Clearing defective property title;
- 26 (f) Taking private property for use by a utility or
- 27 railroad; and

- 1 (g) Taking private property based upon a finding of
- 2 blighted or substandard conditions under the Community Development
- 3 Law if the private property is not agricultural land or
- 4 horticultural land as defined in section 77-1359; and-
- 5 (h) Taking private property for a transmission line to
- 6 serve a privately developed facility generating electricity using
- 7 wind, solar, biomass, or landfill gas. Nothing in this subdivision
- 8 shall be construed to grant the power of eminent domain to a
- 9 private entity.
- 10 Sec. 10. Section 77-105, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 11 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 12 77-105 The term tangible personal property includes all
- 13 personal property possessing a physical existence, excluding money.
- 14 The term tangible personal property also includes trade fixtures,
- 15 which means machinery and equipment, regardless of the degree
- 16 of attachment to real property, used directly in commercial,
- 17 manufacturing, or processing activities conducted on real property,
- 18 regardless of whether the real property is owned or leased, and
- 19 all property used in the generation of electricity using wind as
- 20 the fuel source, including, but not limited to, that listed in
- 21 subsection (9) of section 77-202. The term intangible personal
- 22 property includes all other personal property, including money.
- 23 Sec. 11. Section 77-202, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 24 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 25 77-202 (1) The following property shall be exempt from
- 26 property taxes:
- 27 (a) Property of the state and its governmental

subdivisions to the extent used or being developed for use by 1 2 the state or governmental subdivision for a public purpose. For purposes of this subdivision, public purpose means use of the 3 4 property (i) to provide public services with or without cost to the 5 recipient, including the general operation of government, public education, public safety, transportation, public works, civil and 6 7 criminal justice, public health and welfare, developments by a public housing authority, parks, culture, recreation, community 8 9 development, and cemetery purposes, or (ii) to carry out the 10 duties and responsibilities conferred by law with or without 11 consideration. Public purpose does not include leasing of property 12 to a private party unless the lease of the property is at fair market value for a public purpose. Leases of property by a public 13 14 housing authority to low-income individuals as a place of residence 15 are for the authority's public purpose;

16 (b) Unleased property of the state or its governmental 17 subdivisions which is not being used or developed for use for a public purpose but upon which a payment in lieu of taxes is 18 paid for public safety, rescue, and emergency services and road 19 20 or street construction or maintenance services to all governmental 21 units providing such services to the property. Except as provided 22 in Article VIII, section 11, of the Constitution of Nebraska, 23 the payment in lieu of taxes shall be based on the proportionate 24 share of the cost of providing public safety, rescue, or emergency 25 services and road or street construction or maintenance services 26 unless a general policy is adopted by the governing body of the 27 governmental subdivision providing such services which provides for

1 a different method of determining the amount of the payment in

- 2 lieu of taxes. The governing body may adopt a general policy by
- 3 ordinance or resolution for determining the amount of payment in
- 4 lieu of taxes by majority vote after a hearing on the ordinance
- 5 or resolution. Such ordinance or resolution shall nevertheless
- 6 result in an equitable contribution for the cost of providing such
- 7 services to the exempt property;
- 8 (c) Property owned by and used exclusively for
- 9 agricultural and horticultural societies;
- 10 (d) Property owned by educational, religious, charitable, 11 or cemetery organizations, or any organization for the exclusive 12 benefit of any such educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery organization, and used exclusively for educational, religious, 13 charitable, or cemetery purposes, when such property is not 14 15 (i) owned or used for financial gain or profit to either the 16 owner or user, (ii) used for the sale of alcoholic liquors for 17 more than twenty hours per week, or (iii) owned or used by an organization which discriminates in membership or employment 18 19 based on race, color, or national origin. For purposes of this 20 subdivision, educational organization means (A) an institution 21 operated exclusively for the purpose of offering regular courses 22 with systematic instruction in academic, vocational, or technical 23 subjects or assisting students through services relating to the 24 origination, processing, or guarantying of federally reinsured 25 student loans for higher education or (B) a museum or historical 26 society operated exclusively for the benefit and education of the 27 public. For purposes of this subdivision, charitable organization

1 means an organization operated exclusively for the purpose of the

- 2 mental, social, or physical benefit of the public or an indefinite
- 3 number of persons; and
- 4 (e) Household goods and personal effects not owned or
- 5 used for financial gain or profit to either the owner or user.
- 6 (2) The increased value of land by reason of shade and
- 7 ornamental trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into
- 8 account in the valuation of land.
- 9 (3) Tangible personal property which is not depreciable
- 10 tangible personal property as defined in section 77-119 shall be
- 11 exempt from property tax.
- 12 (4) Motor vehicles required to be registered for
- 13 operation on the highways of this state shall be exempt from
- 14 payment of property taxes.
- 15 (5) Business and agricultural inventory shall be exempt
- 16 from the personal property tax. For purposes of this subsection,
- 17 business inventory includes personal property owned for purposes
- 18 of leasing or renting such property to others for financial gain
- 19 only if the personal property is of a type which in the ordinary
- 20 course of business is leased or rented thirty days or less and
- 21 may be returned at the option of the lessee or renter at any time
- 22 and the personal property is of a type which would be considered
- 23 household goods or personal effects if owned by an individual. All
- 24 other personal property owned for purposes of leasing or renting
- 25 such property to others for financial gain shall not be considered
- 26 business inventory.
- 27 (6) Any personal property exempt pursuant to subsection

1 (2) of section 77-4105 or section 77-5209.02 shall be exempt from

- 2 the personal property tax.
- 3 (7) Livestock shall be exempt from the personal property
- 4 tax.
- 5 (8) Any personal property exempt pursuant to the Nebraska
- 6 Advantage Act shall be exempt from the personal property tax.
- 7 (9) Any property used directly in the generation of
- 8 electricity using wind as the fuel source shall be exempt
- 9 from the property tax. Personal property used directly in the
- 10 generation of electricity using wind as the fuel source includes,
- 11 but is not limited to, wind turbines, rotors and blades,
- 12 towers, trackers, generating equipment, transmission components,
- 13 substations, supporting structures or racks, inverters, and other
- 14 system components such as wiring, control systems, switchgears, and
- 15 generator step-up transformers.
- Sec. 12. <u>The Legislature finds and declares:</u>
- 17 (1) The purpose of the nameplate capacity tax levied
- 18 under section 14 of this act is to replace property taxes currently
- 19 imposed on wind infrastructure and depreciated over a short period
- 20 of time in a way that causes local budgeting challenges and
- 21 increases up-front costs for wind developers;
- 22 (2) The nameplate capacity tax should be competitive
- 23 with taxes imposed directly and indirectly on wind generation and
- 24 development in other states;
- 25 (3) The nameplate capacity tax should be fair and
- 26 nondiscriminatory when compared with other taxes imposed on other
- 27 industries in the state; and

1 (4) The nameplate capacity tax should not be singled

- 2 out as a source of General Fund revenue during times of economic
- 3 hardship.
- 4 Sec. 13. For purposes of sections 12 to 15 of this act:
- 5 (1) Commissioned means the wind turbine of a wind
- 6 generation facility has been in commercial operation for at least
- 7 twenty-four hours. A wind turbine is not in commercial operation
- 8 unless the wind energy generation facility is connected to the
- 9 electrical grid;
- 10 (2) Nameplate capacity means the capacity of a wind
- 11 turbine to generate electricity as measured in megawatts, including
- 12 fractions of a megawatt; and
- 13 (3) Wind energy generation facility means a facility that
- 14 generates electricity using wind as the fuel source.
- 15 Sec. 14. (1) The owner of a wind energy generation
- 16 facility annually shall pay a nameplate capacity tax equal to the
- 17 total nameplate capacity of the commissioned wind turbine of the
- 18 wind energy generation facility multiplied by a tax rate of three
- 19 thousand five hundred eighteen dollars per megawatt.
- 20 (2) No tax shall be imposed on a wind energy generation
- 21 facility:
- 22 (a) Owned or operated by the federal government, the
- 23 State of Nebraska, a public power district, a public power and
- 24 irrigation district, an individual municipality, a registered
- 25 group of municipalities, an electric membership association, or
- 26 <u>a cooperative; or</u>
- 27 <u>(b) That is a customer-genera</u>tor as defined in section

- 1 70-2002.
- 2 (3) No tax levied pursuant to this section shall be
- 3 construed to constitute restricted funds as defined in section
- 4 13-518 for the first five years after the wind energy generation
- 5 facility is commissioned.
- 6 (4) The presence of one or more wind energy generation
- 7 facilities or supporting infrastructure shall not be a factor in
- 8 the assessment, determination of actual value, or classification
- 9 under section 77-201 of the real property underlying or adjacent to
- 10 such facilities or infrastructure.
- 11 (5)(a) The Department of Revenue shall collect the tax
- 12 <u>due under this section.</u>
- 13 (b) The tax shall be imposed beginning the first calendar
- 14 year the wind turbine is commissioned. A wind energy generation
- 15 <u>facility commissioned prior to the effective date of this act shall</u>
- 16 be subject to the tax levied pursuant to sections 12 to 15 of this
- 17 act on and after such date. The amount of personal property tax
- 18 previously paid on a wind energy generation facility commissioned
- 19 prior to the effective date of this act which is greater than the
- 20 amount that would have been paid pursuant to sections 12 to 15 of
- 21 this act from the date of commissioning until the effective date of
- 22 this act shall be credited against any tax due under Chapter 77,
- 23 and any amount so credited that is unused in any tax year shall be
- 24 carried over to subsequent tax years until fully utilized.
- (c) (i) The tax for the first calendar year shall be
- 26 prorated based upon the number of days remaining in the calendar
- 27 year after the wind turbine is commissioned.

AM2413 AM2413 LB1048 LB1048 MHF-03/30/2010 MHF-03/30/2010 1 (ii) In the first year in which a wind energy generation 2 facility is taxed or in any year in which additional commissioned 3 nameplate capacity is added to a wind energy generation facility, 4 the taxes on the initial or additional nameplate capacity shall be 5 prorated for the number of days remaining in the calendar year. 6 (iii) When a wind turbine is decommissioned or made 7 nonoperational by a change in law or decertification from its 8 status as a certified renewable export facility during a tax year, 9 the taxes shall be prorated for the number of days during which the 10 wind turbine was not decommissioned or was operational. 11 (iv) When the capacity of a wind turbine to produce electricity is reduced but the wind turbine is not decommissioned, 12 13 the nameplate capacity of the wind turbine is deemed to be

(6) (a) On March 1 of each year, the owner of a wind energy generation facility shall file with the Department of Revenue a report on the nameplate capacity of the facility for the previous year from January 1 through December 31. All taxes shall be due on April 1 and shall be delinquent if not paid on a quarterly basis on April 1 and each quarter thereafter. Delinquent quarterly payments shall draw interest at the rate provided for in section 45-104.02, as such rate may from time to time be adjusted.

(b) The owner of a wind energy generation facility is

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24 liable for the taxes under this section with respect to the
25 facility, whether or not the owner of the facility is the owner of
26 the land on which the facility is situated.

27 (7) Failure to file a report required by subsection (6)

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1 of this section, filing such report late, failure to pay taxes due,

- 2 or underpayment of such taxes shall result in a penalty of five
- 3 percent of the amount due being imposed for each quarter the report
- 4 is overdue or the payment is delinquent, except that the penalty
- 5 shall not exceed ten thousand dollars.
- 6 (8) The Department of Revenue shall enforce the
- 7 provisions of this section. The department shall adopt and
- 8 promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the implementation
- 9 and enforcement of this section.
- 10 (9) The Department of Revenue shall separately identify
- 11 the proceeds from the tax imposed by this section and shall pay all
- 12 such proceeds over to the county treasurer of the county where the
- 13 wind energy generation facility is located within thirty days after
- 14 receipt of such proceeds.
- 15 Sec. 15. (1) The county treasurer shall distribute all
- 16 revenue received from the Department of Revenue pursuant to section
- 17 14 of this act to local taxing entities which, but for such
- 18 personal property tax exemption, would have received distribution
- 19 of personal property tax revenue from depreciable personal property
- 20 used directly in the generation of electricity using wind as the
- 21 fuel source.
- 22 (2) A local taxing entity's status as eligible for
- 23 distribution under subsection (1) of this section shall not be
- 24 affected when and if the net book value of personal property used
- 25 directly in the generation of electricity using wind as the fuel
- 26 <u>source becomes zero. A local taxing entity's status as eligible</u>
- 27 for distribution under such subsection shall be affected by the

1 disposal of all of the exempt depreciable personal property used

- 2 <u>directly in the generation of electricity using wind as the fuel</u>
- 3 source.
- 4 (3) The distribution to each eligible local taxing entity
- 5 shall be calculated by determining the amount of taxes that the
- 6 eligible local taxing entity levied during the taxable year and
- 7 dividing this amount by the total tax levied by all of the
- 8 eligible local taxing entities during the year. Each eligible
- 9 entity's resulting fraction shall then be multiplied by the revenue
- 10 distributed to the county treasurer by the department to determine
- 11 the portion of such revenue due each local taxing entity.
- 12 (4) The Department of Revenue shall not retain any
- 13 revenue collected pursuant to sections 12 to 15 of this act for
- 14 distribution, use, transfer, pledge, or allocation to or from the
- 15 General Fund.
- Sec. 16. Section 79-1018.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 17 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 18 79-1018.01 Except as otherwise provided in this section,
- 19 local system formula resources include other actual receipts
- 20 available for the funding of general fund operating expenditures
- 21 as determined by the department for the second school fiscal
- 22 year immediately preceding the school fiscal year in which aid
- 23 is to be paid. Receipts from the Community Improvements Cash Fund
- 24 and receipts acquired pursuant to the Low-Level Radioactive Waste
- 25 Disposal Act shall not be included. Other actual receipts include:
- 26 (1) Public power district sales tax revenue;
- 27 (2) Fines and license fees;

1 (3) Tuition receipts from individuals, other districts,

- 2 or any other source except receipts derived from adult education,
- 3 receipts derived from summer school tuition, receipts derived from
- 4 early childhood education tuition, and receipts from educational
- 5 entities as defined in section 79-1201.01 for providing distance
- 6 education courses through the Distance Education Council until July
- 7 1, 2008, and the Educational Service Unit Coordinating Council on
- 8 and after July 1, 2008, to such educational entities;
- 9 (4) Transportation receipts;
- 10 (5) Interest on investments;
- 11 (6) Other miscellaneous noncategorical local receipts,
- 12 not including receipts from private foundations, individuals,
- 13 associations, or charitable organizations;
- 14 (7) Special education receipts;
- 15 (8) Special education receipts and non-special education
- 16 receipts from the state for wards of the court and wards of the
- 17 state;
- 18 (9) All receipts from the temporary school fund.
- 19 Beginning with the calculation of aid for school fiscal year
- 20 2002-03 and each school fiscal year thereafter, receipts from
- 21 the temporary school fund shall only include receipts pursuant
- 22 to section 79-1035 and the receipt of funds pursuant to section
- 23 79-1036 for property leased for a public purpose as set forth in
- 24 subdivision (1)(a) of section 77-202;
- 25 (10) Motor vehicle tax receipts received on or after
- 26 January 1, 1998;
- 27 (11) Pro rata motor vehicle license fee receipts;

1 (12) Other miscellaneous state receipts excluding revenue

- 2 from the textbook loan program authorized by section 79-734;
- 3 (13) Impact aid entitlements for the school fiscal year
- 4 which have actually been received by the district to the extent
- 5 allowed by federal law;
- 6 (14) All other noncategorical federal receipts;
- 7 (15) All receipts pursuant to the enrollment option
- 8 program under sections 79-232 to 79-246;
- 9 (16) Receipts under the federal Medicare Catastrophic
- 10 Coverage Act of 1988, as such act existed on May 8, 2001, as
- 11 authorized pursuant to sections 43-2510 and 43-2511 but only to the
- 12 extent of the amount the local system would have otherwise received
- 13 pursuant to the Special Education Act; and
- 14 (17) Receipts for accelerated or differentiated
- 15 curriculum programs pursuant to sections 79-1106 to 79-1108.03;
- 16 and-
- 17 (18) Revenue received from the nameplate capacity tax
- 18 <u>distributed pursuant to section 15 of this act.</u>
- 19 Sec. 17. The Revisor of Statutes shall assign section 6
- 20 of this act within sections 70-1001 to 70-1027.
- 21 Sec. 18. Original sections 70-1001, 70-1001.01, 70-1013,
- 22 70-1014, 70-1014.01, 76-710.04, 77-105, 77-202, and 79-1018.01,
- 23 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 13-518, Revised
- 24 Statutes Supplement, 2009, are repealed.