

# Hundredth Legislature - First Session - 2007 Committee Statement LB 682

**Hearing Date:** March 8, 2007 **Committee On:** Judiciary

Introducer(s): (Wightman)

**Title:** Change provisions relating to use of the Supreme Court child support guidelines

#### **Roll Call Vote – Final Committee Action:**

Advanced to General File

X Advanced to General File with Amendments

**Indefinitely Postponed** 

## **Vote Results:**

5 Yes Sen. Ashford, Sen. McDonald, Sen. McGill, Sen. Pedersen, Sen.

Schimek

No
 Present, not voting
 Absent
 Sen. Pirsch
 Sen. Lathrop
 Sen. Chambers

**Proponents:** 

**Representing:** 

Sen. Wightman Introducer

Melvin G. Beckman Family to Friends of Inmates

Amy A. Miller ACLU, Nebraska

John M. Soby Black and White Contracting LLC

Patrick Ford Legal Aid of Nebraska

Joy Soby
Black & White Contracting LLC
Teela A. Mickels
Compassion in Action, Inc

**Opponents:** 

William P. Mackenzie

**Representing:** 

Nebraska County Attorney Association

Sean Bradley YWCA of Omaha

Neutral: Representing:

## **Summary of purpose and/or changes:**

Under current law, incarceration is considered a voluntary reduction of income for the purpose of paying child support. Therefore, the inmate cannot file a complaint to modify a support order to reflect the reduced income. As a result, inmates with support orders against them, who cannot

continue to pay the support while in prison, will be responsible for the arrears when they complete their period of incarceration.

Legislative Bill 682 amends N.R.S. §43-512.15 to make incarceration an *in*voluntary reduction of income. This will provide attorneys the authority to file a complaint to reduce the support amount.

## **Explanation of amendments, if any:**

## COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

The committee amendment to LB 682 makes two changes to the bill as introduced:

- 1. Persons who are imprisoned for criminal nonsupport (failure to pay child support) are not allowed to benefit by receiving a modification of a child support order on the basis of their reduced income while incarcerated.
- 2. Limits the bill to apply only to those individuals incarcerated for 6 months or more. This is a practical change to prevent multiple modification proceedings in cases where persons are incarcerated for only a short period of time and then return to employment. Shorter sentences also do not result in the accumulation of large arrears, the prevention of which was the purpose of the bill as introduced.

Senator Brad Ashford, Chairperson	